technische universität dortmund

Deterministic Sparse Suffix Sorting on Rewritable Texts

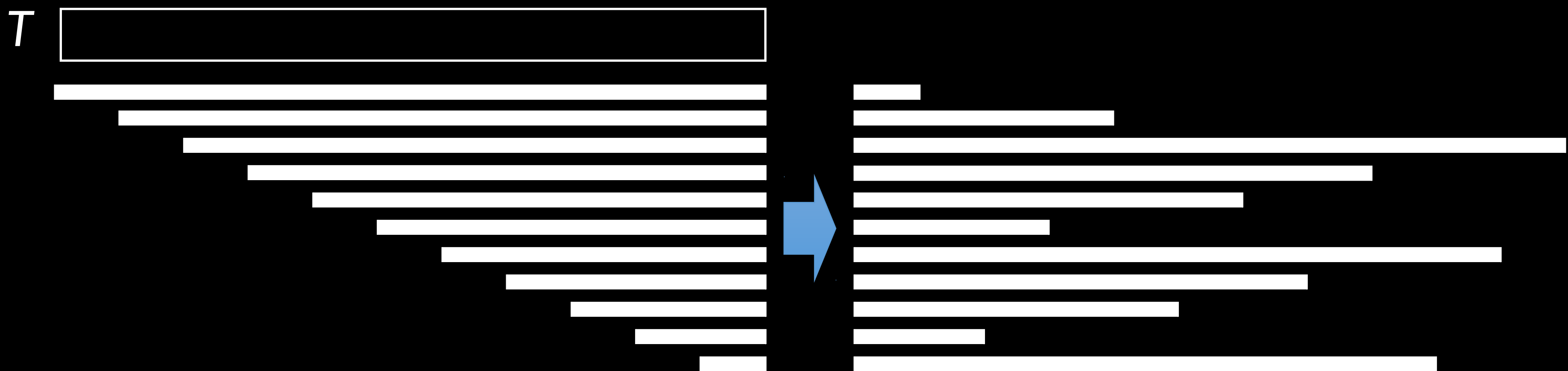
Johannes Fischer

Tomohiro I

Dominik Köppl

suffix sorting problem

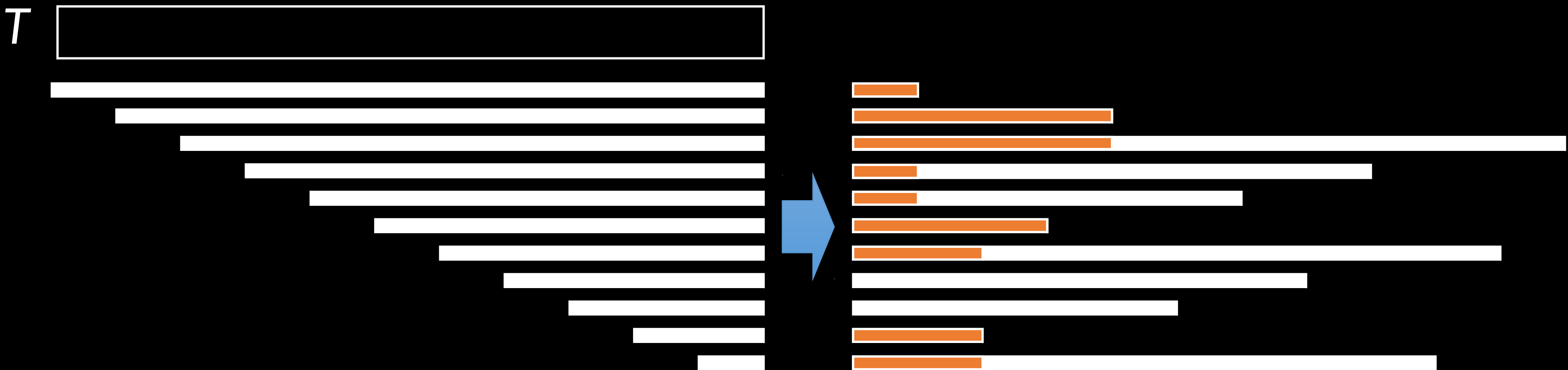
- sort all suffixes of string T of length n
  => suffix array (SA)



suffix sorting problem

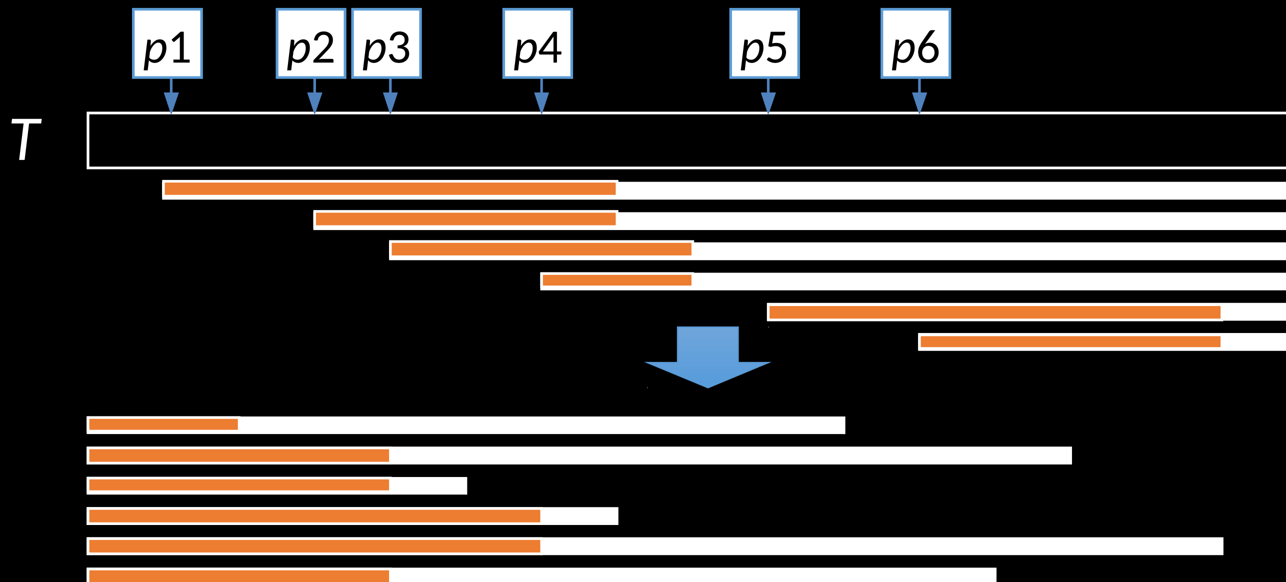
- sort all suffixes of string T of length n
  => suffix array (SA)
- lengths of the longest common prefix (LCP) between adjacent suffixes

both in $O(n)$ time and space



sparse suffix sorting problem

- sort suffixes starting at positions in *P* (+ sparse LCP)
- *P*: a set of *m* (< *n*) text-positions

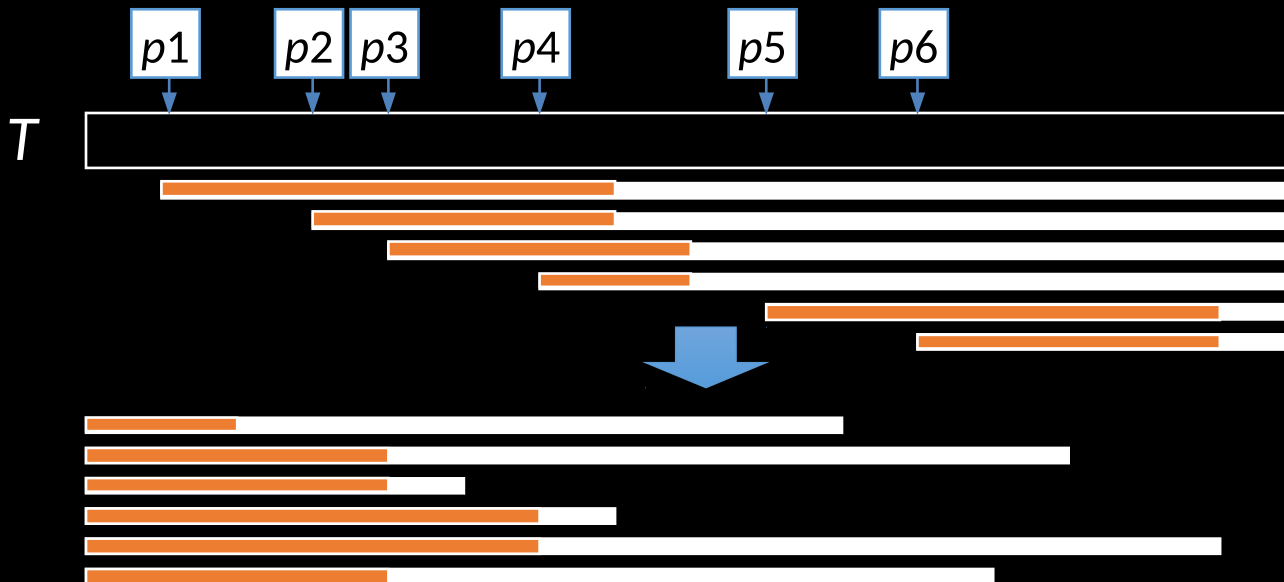


sparse suffix sorting problem

- sort suffixes starting at positions in P (+ sparse LCP)
- P: a set of m ($< n$) text-positions

given text in RAM and $m = o(n)$, we want

- $o(n)$ time
- $O(m)$ additional space



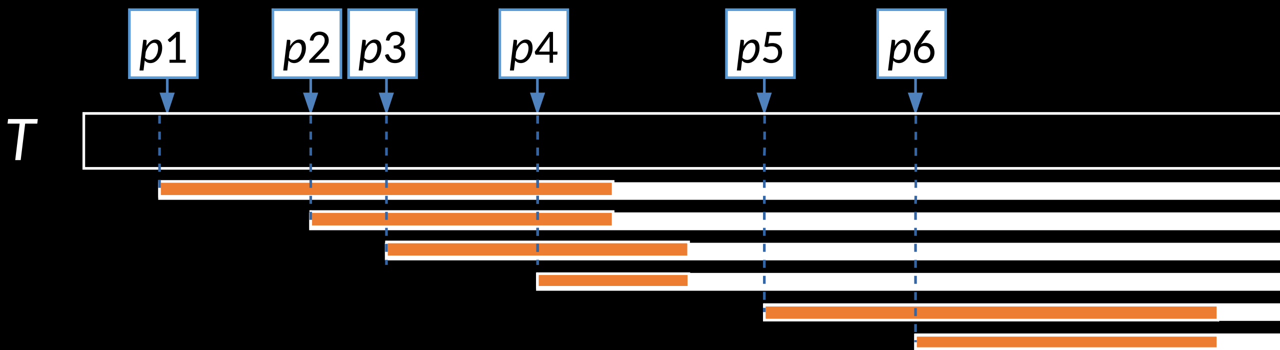
previous work

- $O(n)$-time algos for special P
  - [Kärkkäinen and Ukkonen, ‘96]
  - [Inenaga and Takeda, ‘06]
  - [Ferragina and Fischer, ‘07]
  - [Uemura and Arimura, ‘11]
- arbitrary P (difficult!)
  - [Burkhardt and Kärkkäinen, ‘03]
  - [Bille+, ‘13] randomized
  - [I+, ‘14] improved on Bille+’s work

aim on deterministic algorithms

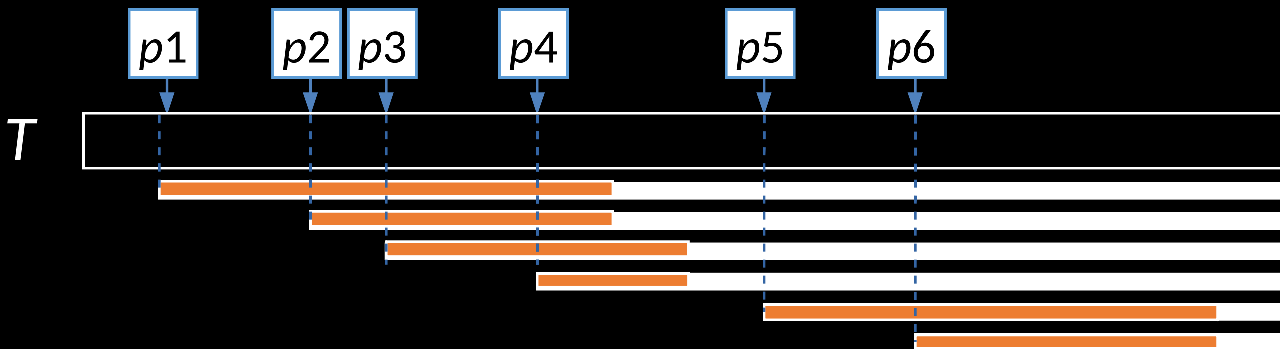
main result

1. text is loaded into RAM



main result

1. text is loaded into RAM
2. text space: re-writeable



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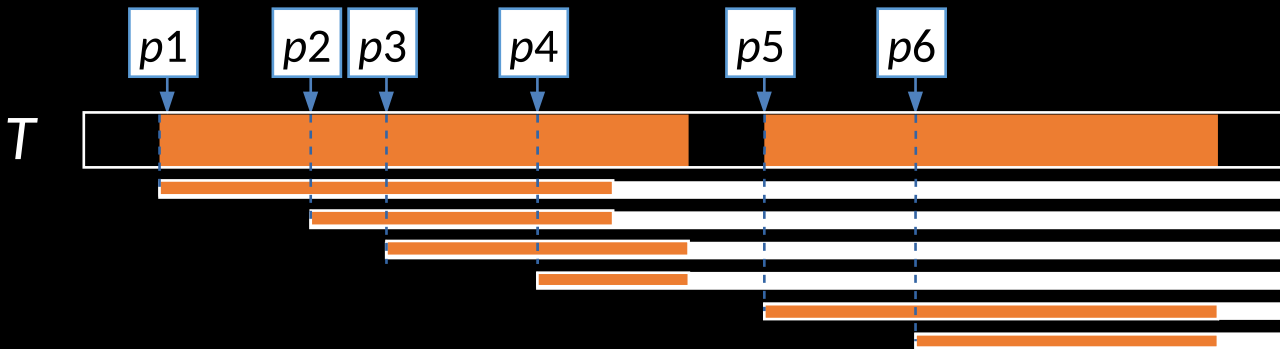
c := # positions that must be compared to sort

$O(m \lg m \lg n \lg^* n + c \lg^{0.5} n)$ time
$O(m)$ additional space



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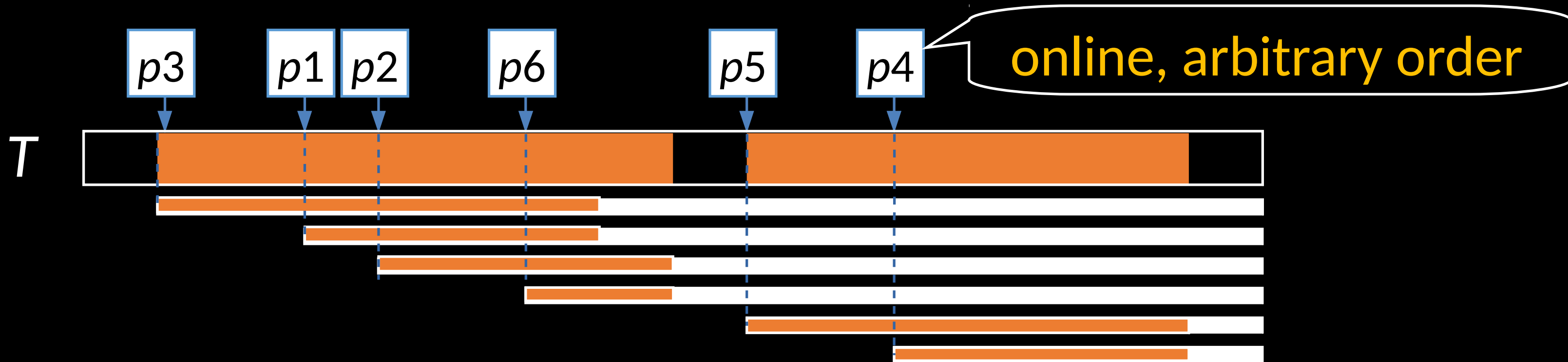

high-level strategy

- use suffix binary search tree (BST) [Irving+,'03]
- insert every suffix into BST one by one

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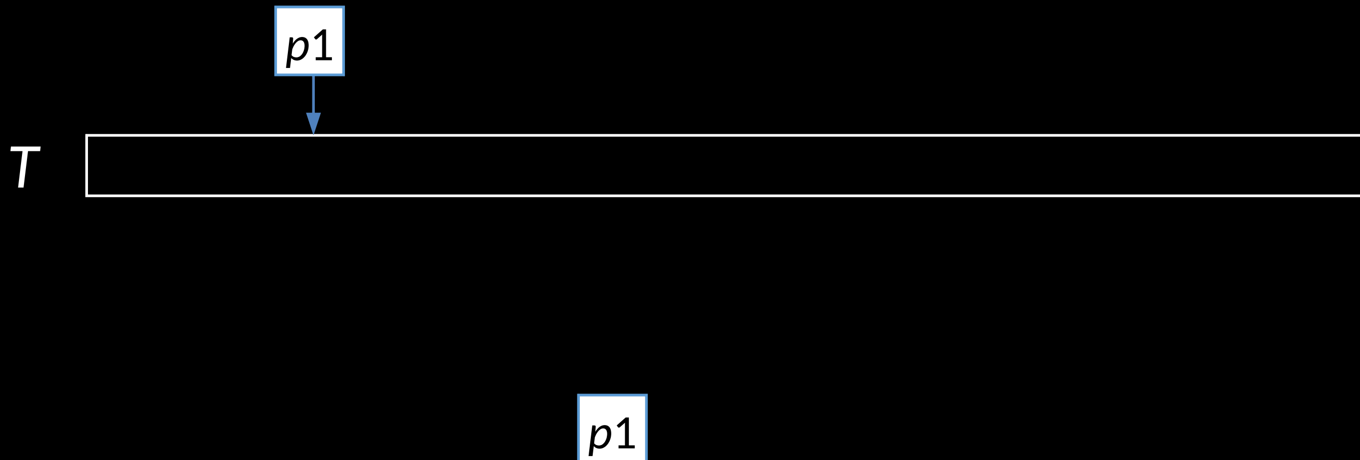

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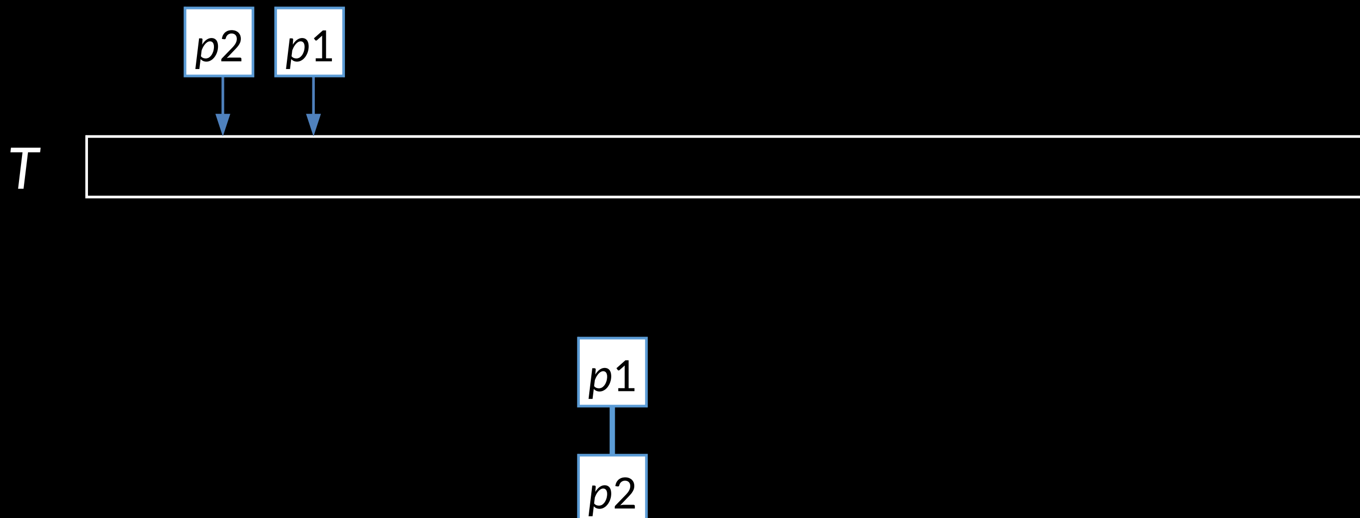

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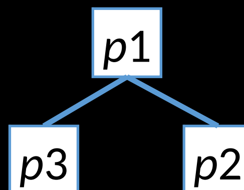

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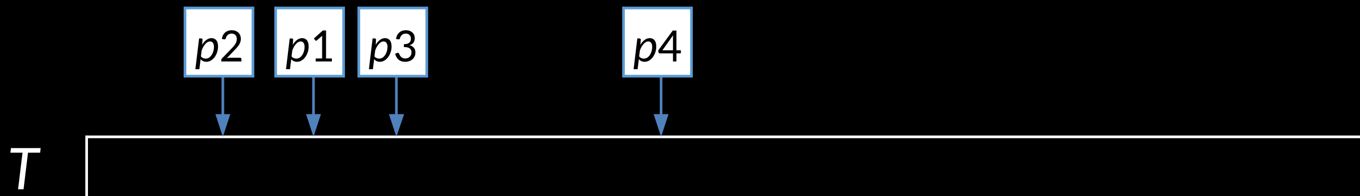

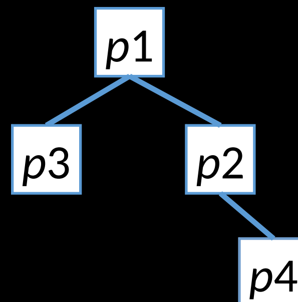

a naïve approach

- takes $O(L)$ time
- L : #char-to-char comparisons
- $L = \Theta(nm)$ if arrows mostly overlap

$p1$

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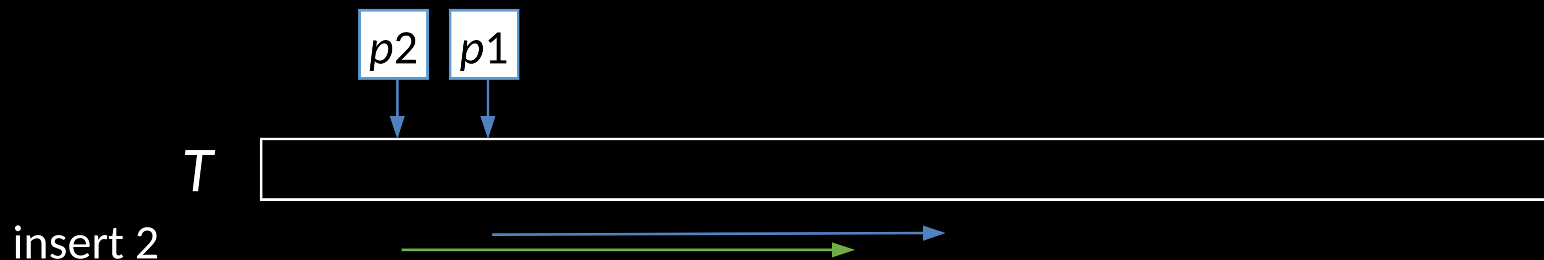

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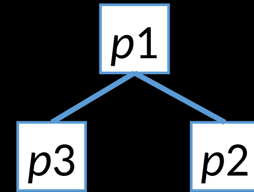

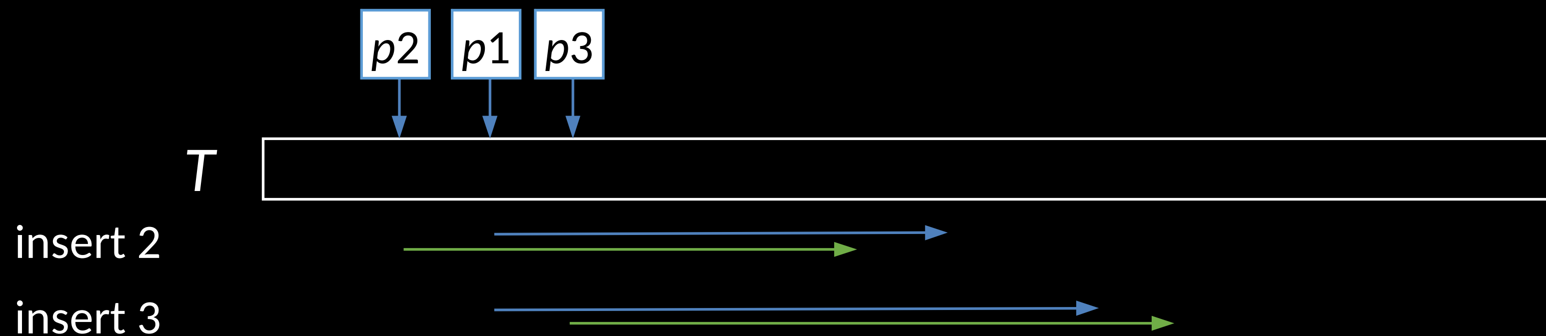

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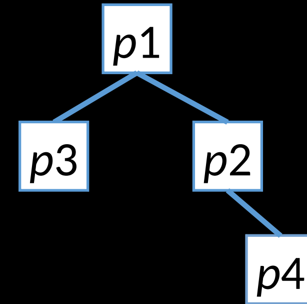

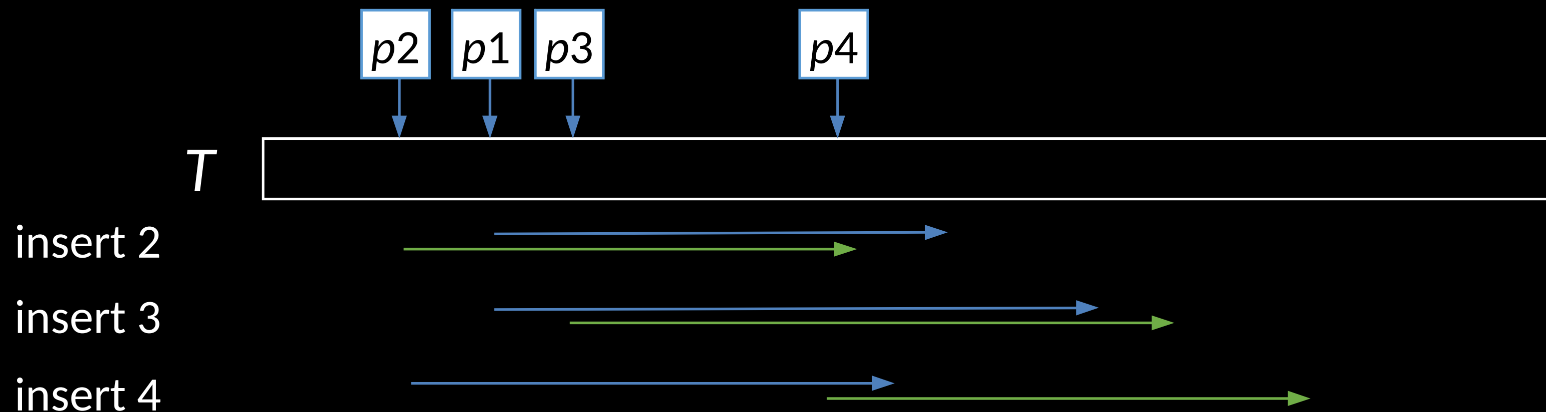

LCE query

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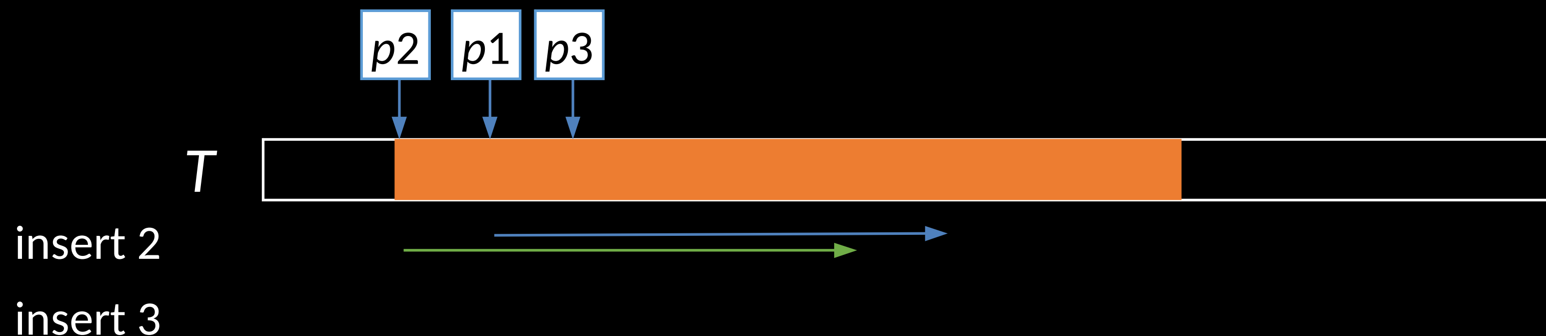

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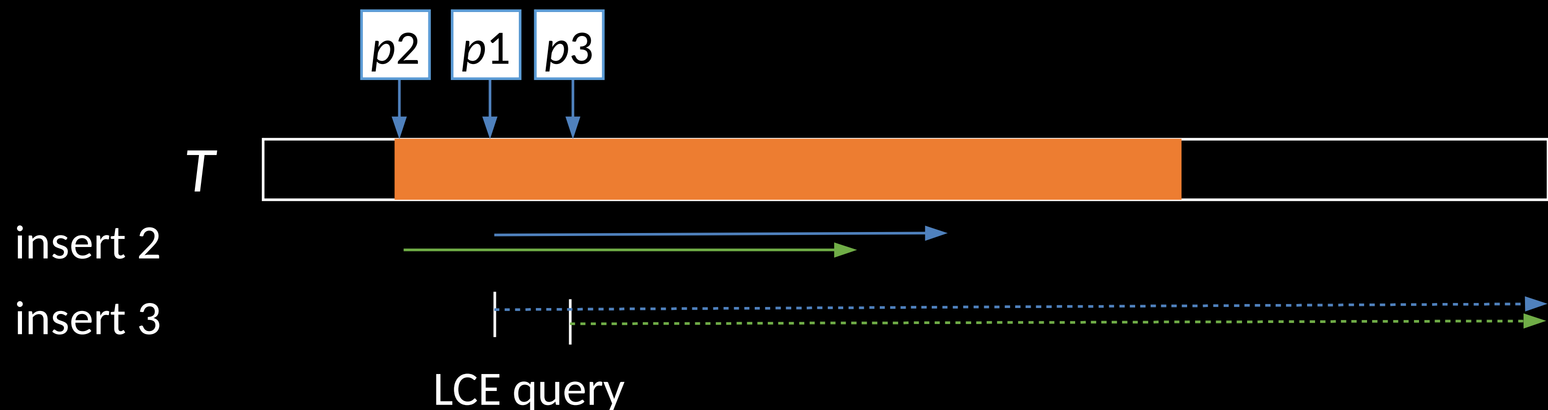

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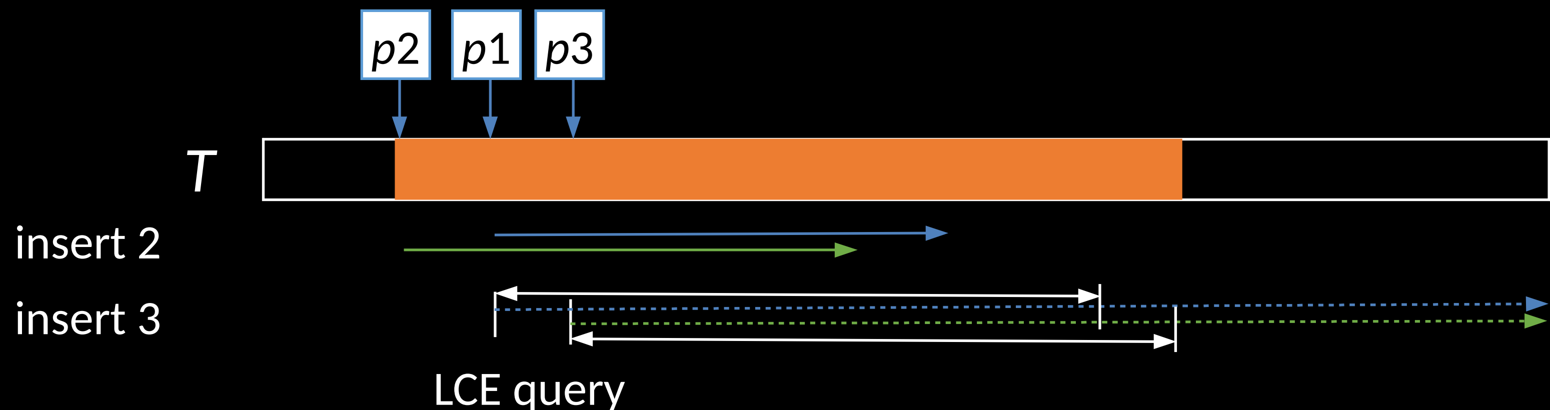

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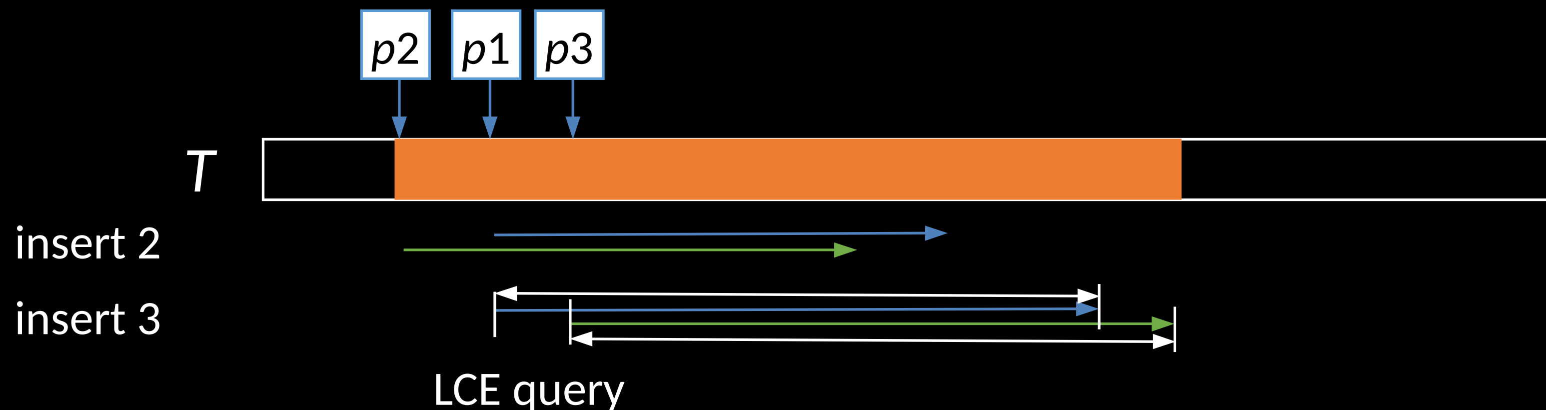

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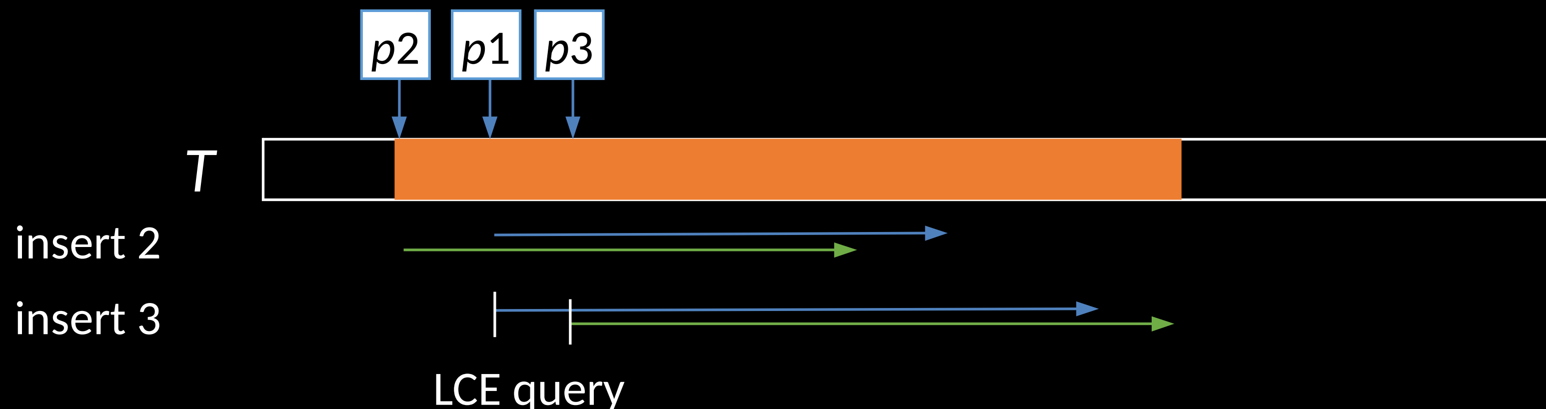
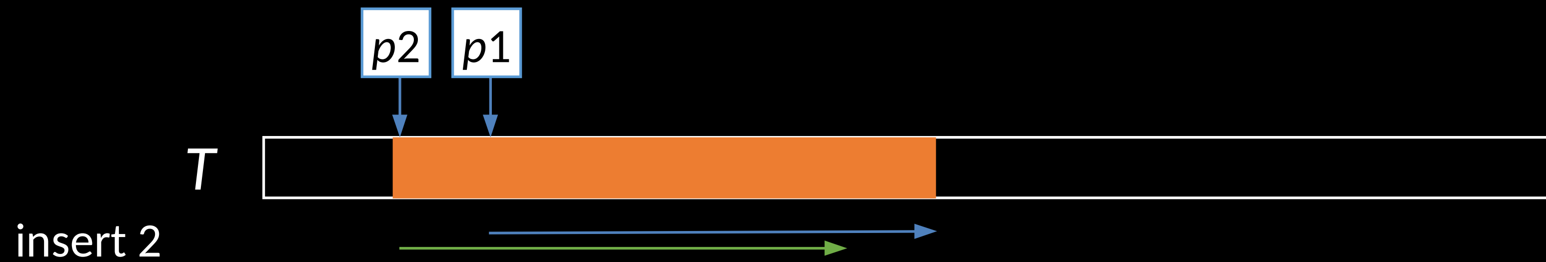
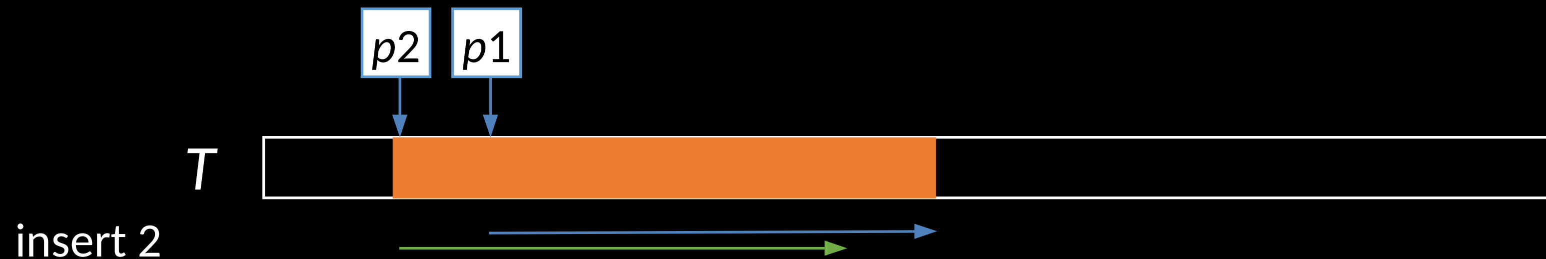


our idea



our idea

- create an LCE data structure on scanned area



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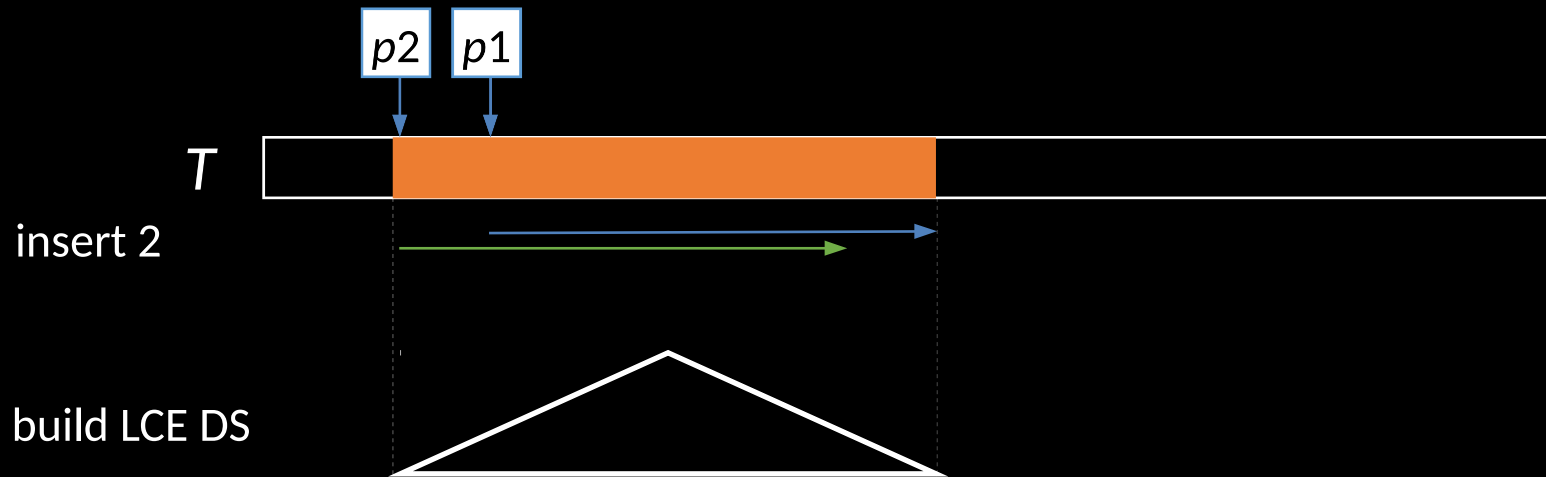

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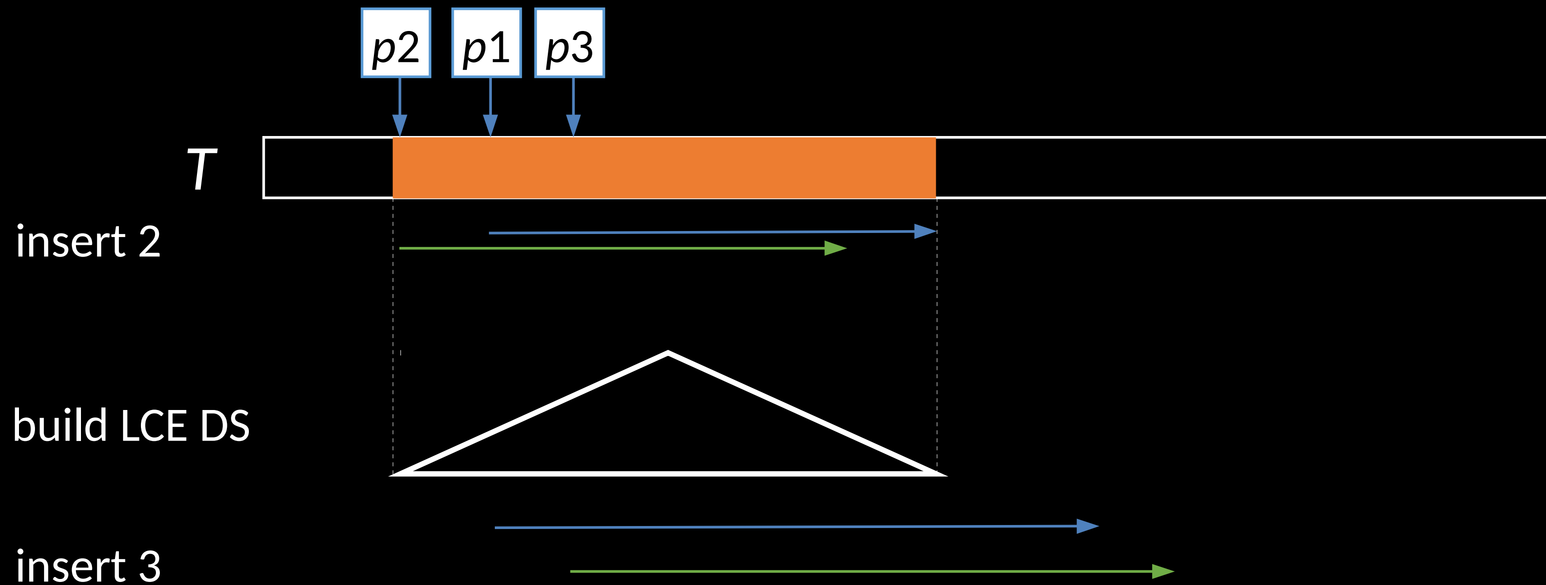

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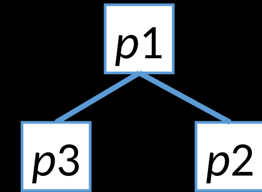

- create an LCE data structure on scanned area
  ⇒ issue LCE queries

p2 p1 p3

T

insert 2

build LCE DS

insert 3

LCE query

ESP = Edit Sensitive Parsing [Cormode+, '07]

LCE with ESP

a b a b a b a b a b c a b a b a b a b a b a b a

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LCE with ESP

- partiton string into blocks of size 2 or 3

a b	a b	a b	a b	a b	c a	b a	b a	b a	b a	b a	b a

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LCE with ESP

- partiton string into blocks of size 2 or 3
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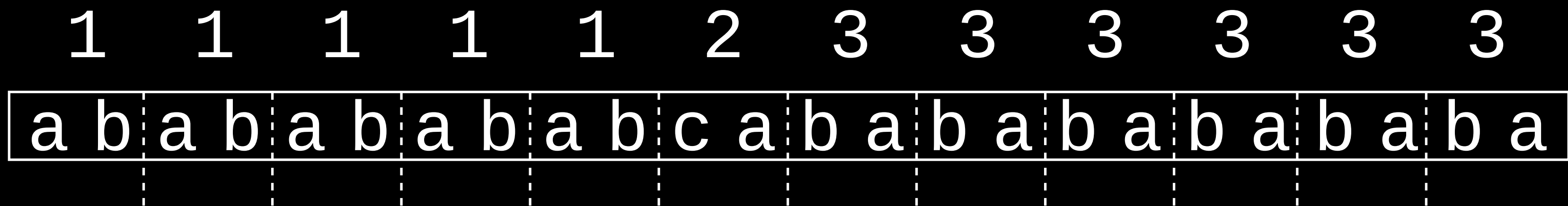

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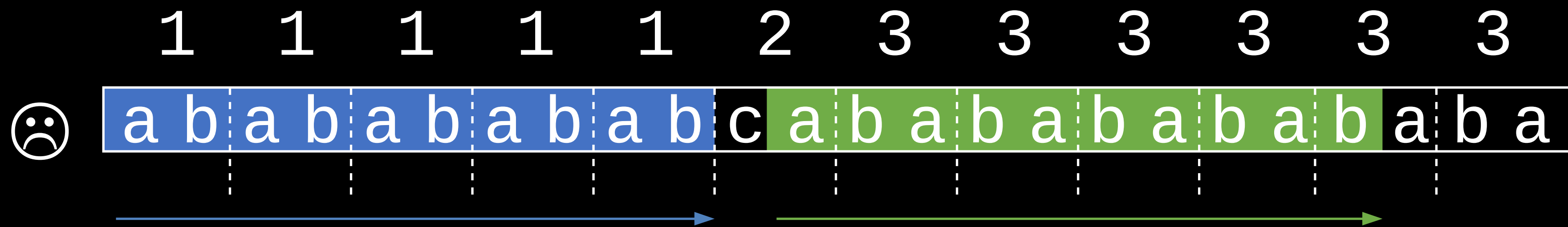

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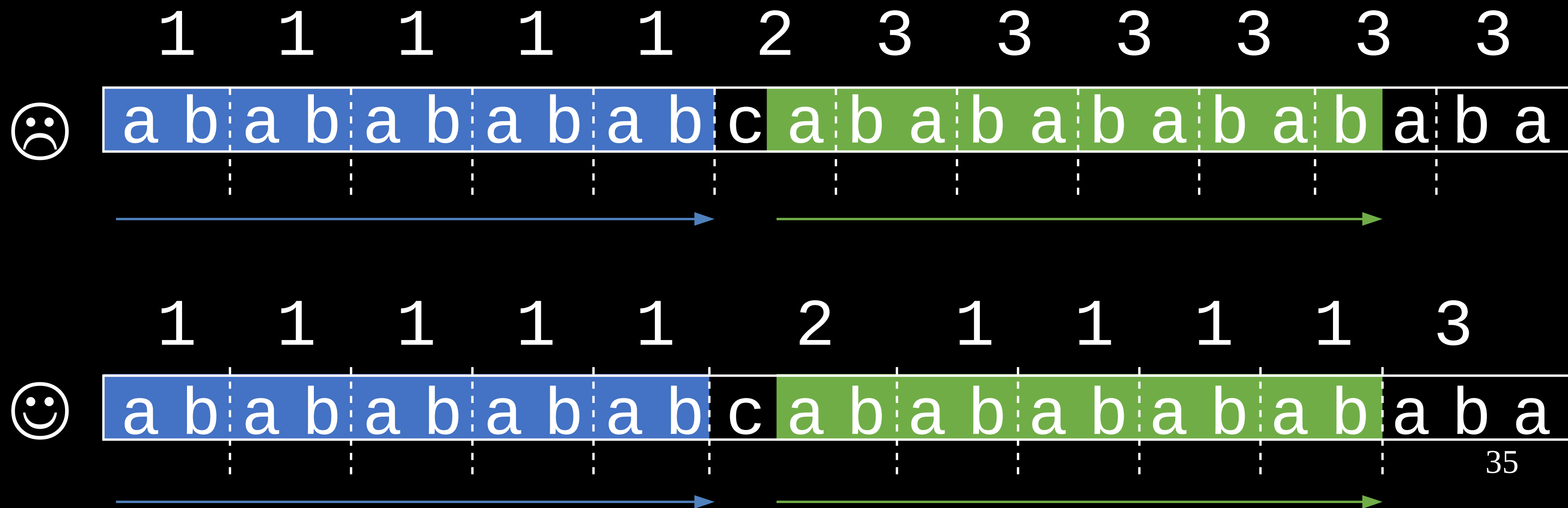

ESP tree

- each block gets an ID (here: number)
- same content ⇔ same ID

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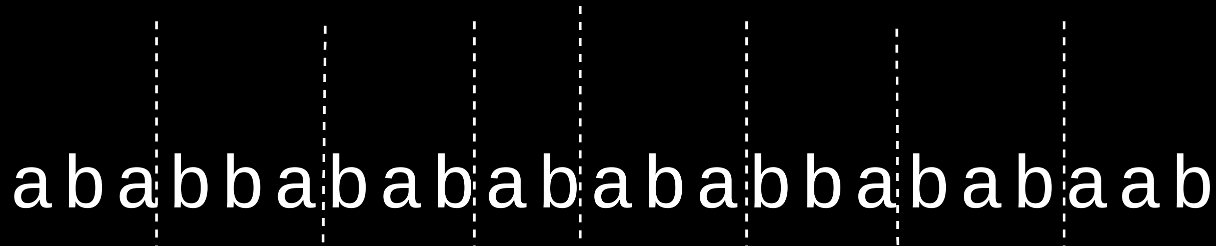

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binary search tree →

ID		string
1	→	a b a
2	→	b b a
3	→	b a b
4	→	a b
5	→	a a b

1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5

a b a | b b a | b a b | a b | a b a | b b a | b a b | a a b

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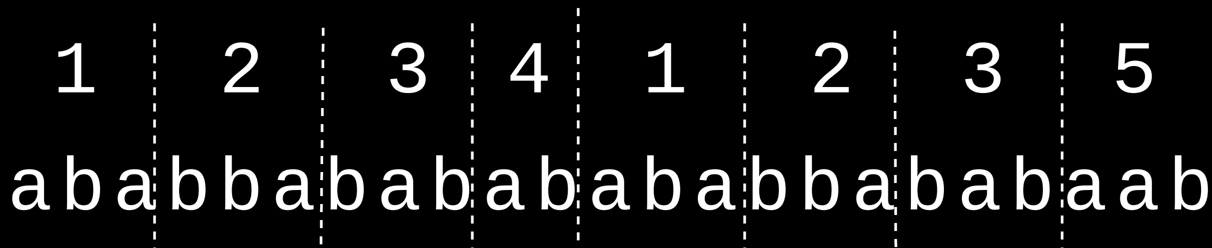

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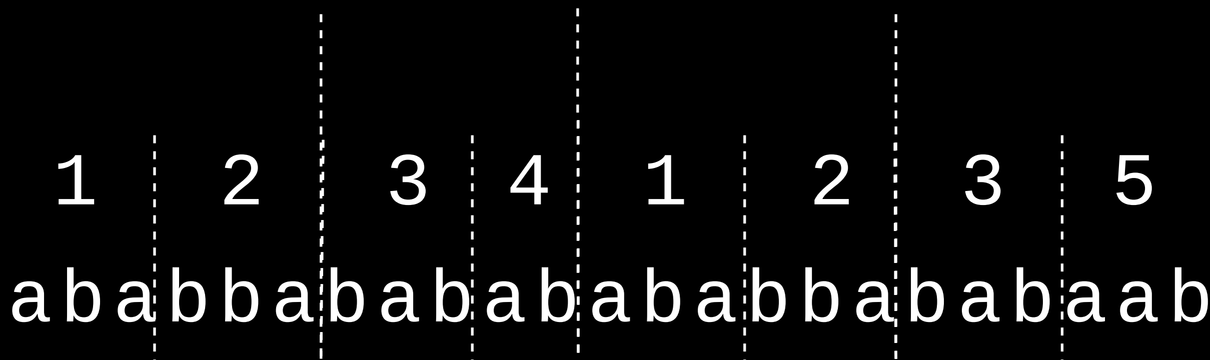

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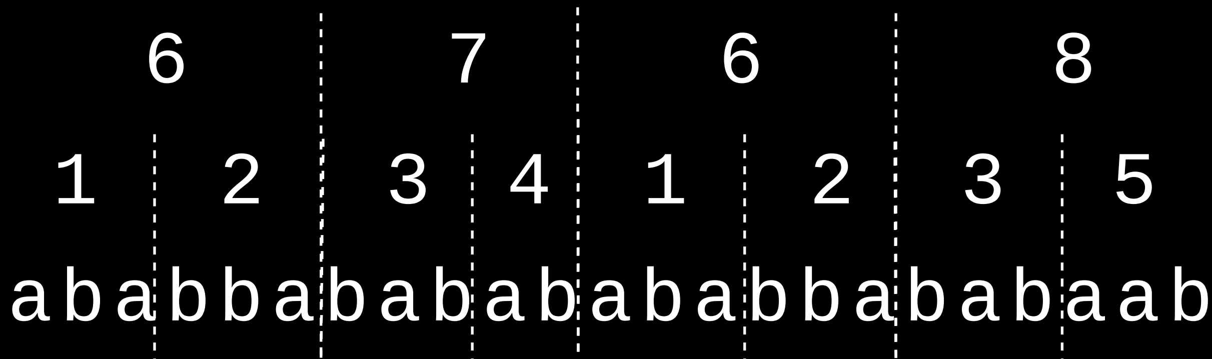

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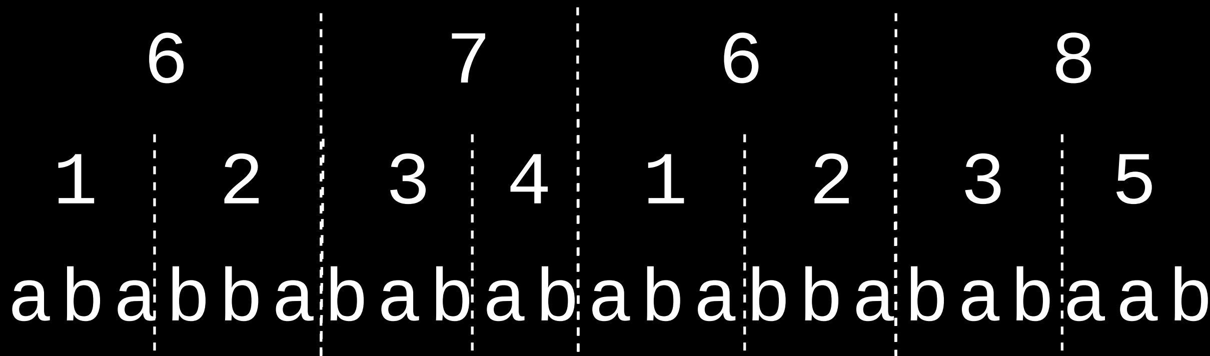

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9	→	6 7
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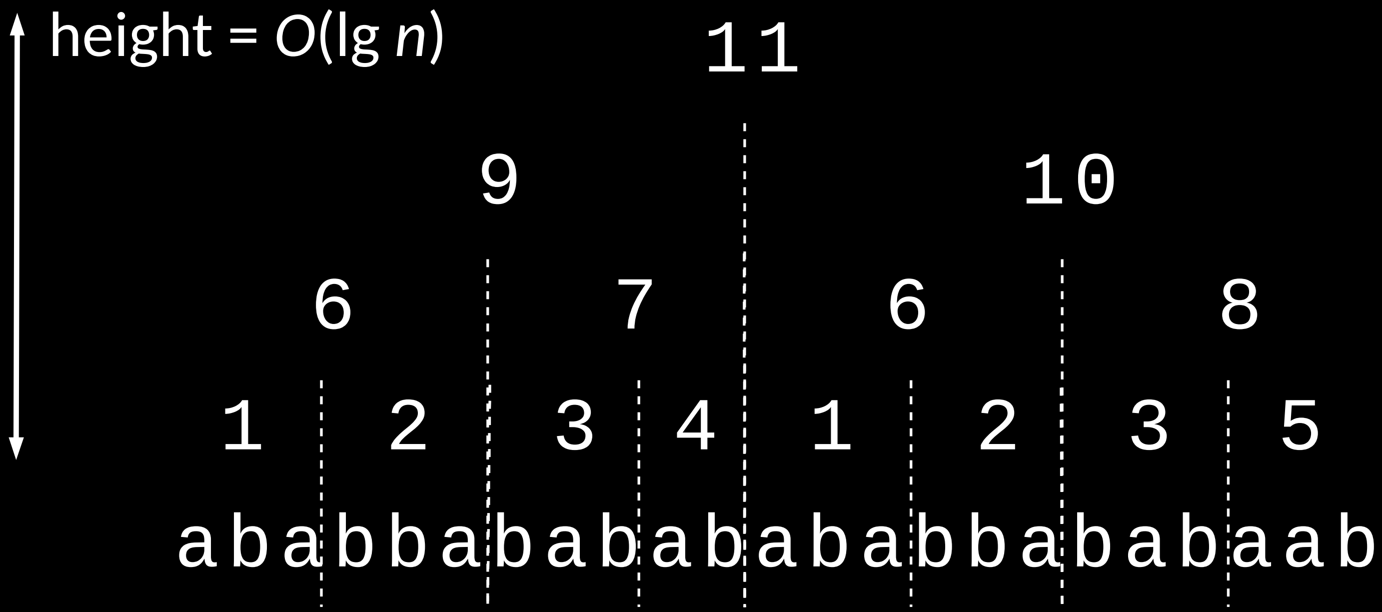
11	→	9 10



construction time

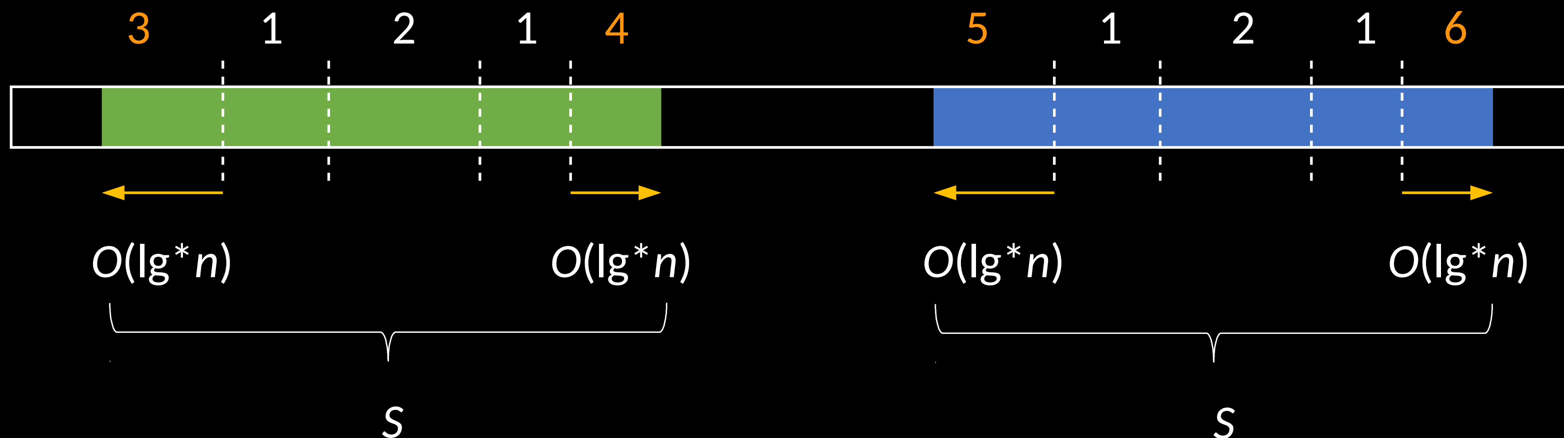
- $O(\lg n)$ time lookup/store IDs in dictionary
- $O(\lg^* n)$ time for blocking [Cormode+, '07]

$\Rightarrow O(|S|(\lg n + \lg^* n)) = O(|S| \lg n)$ time

for ESP tree on substr S

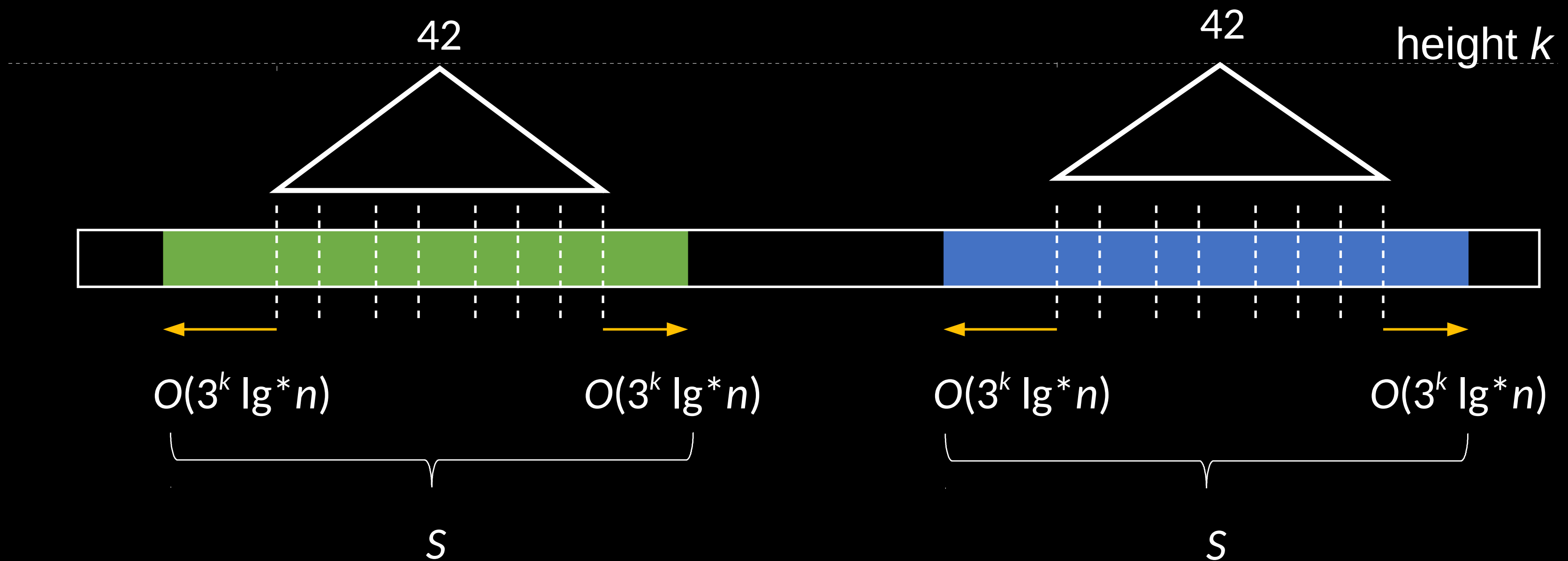
local surrounding

- two equal substrings S
- sufficiently enclosed nodes have same ID

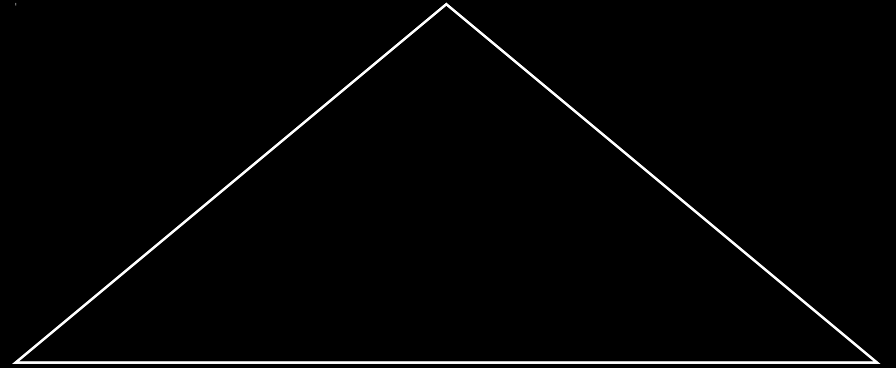


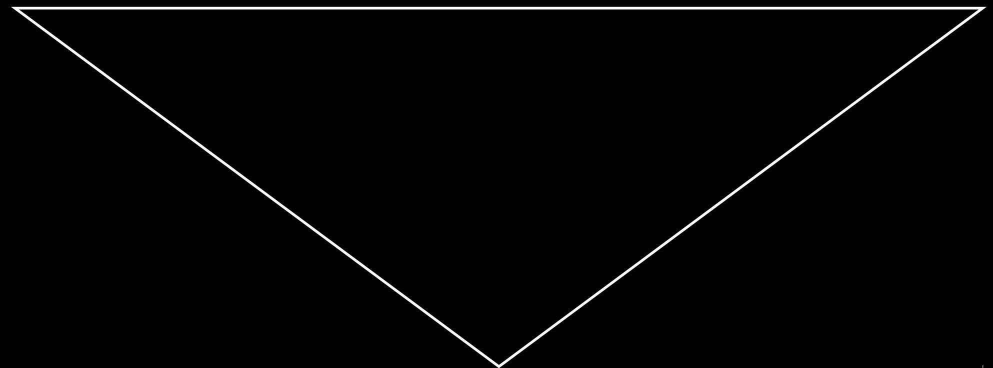
local surrounding

- two equal substrings S
- sufficiently enclosed ESP subtree have same root



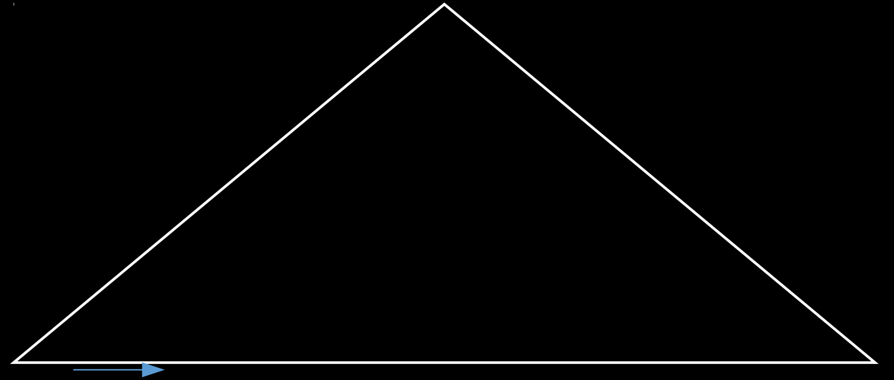
LCE queries

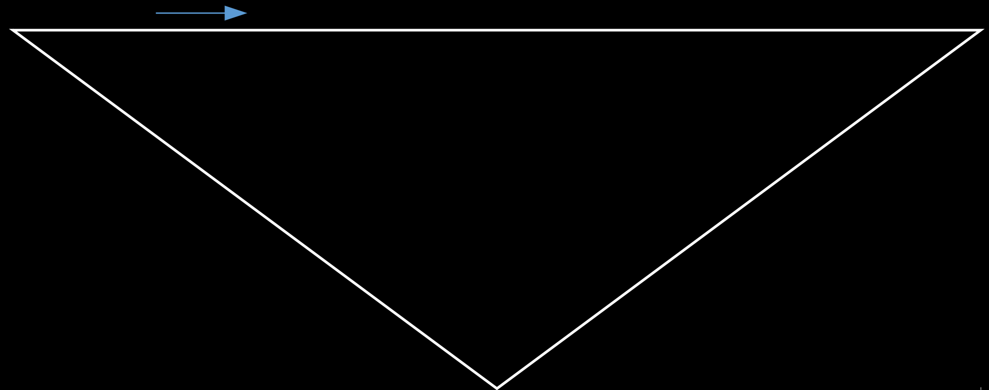




LCE queries

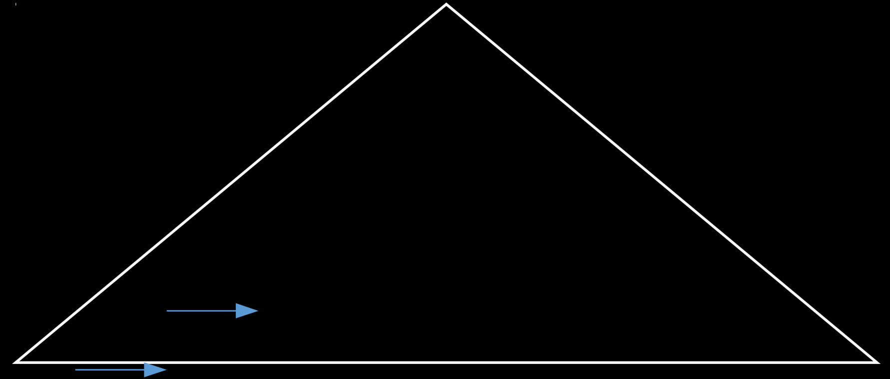
- compare $O(\lg^* n)$ chars

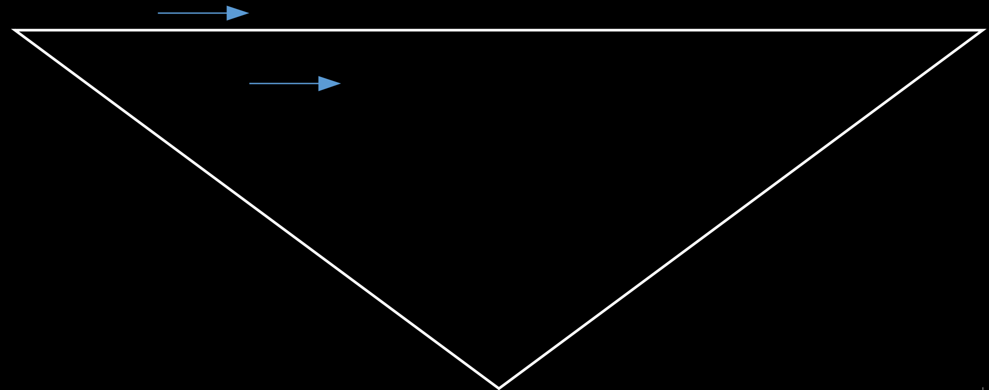




LCE queries

- compare $O(\lg^* n)$ chars
- move upwards
- compare $O(\lg^* n)$ IDs





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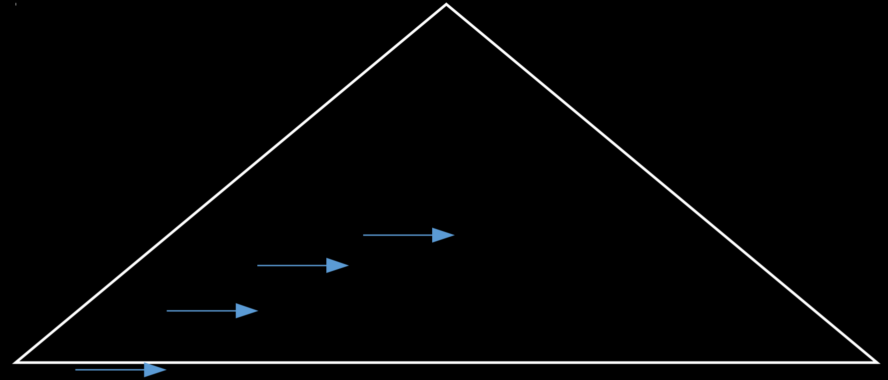
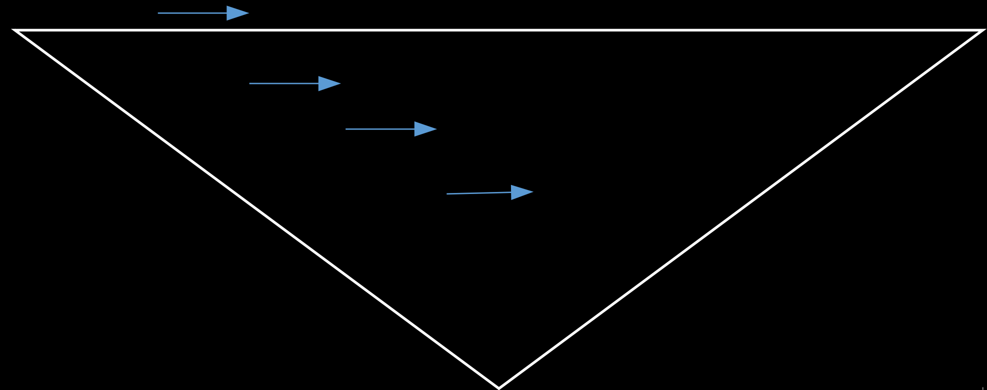
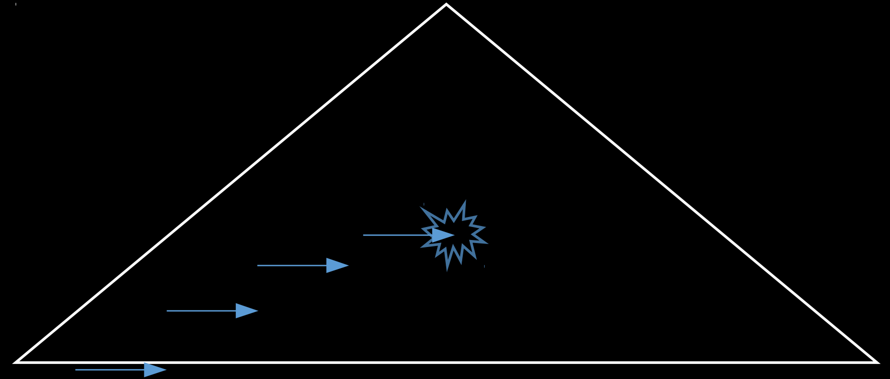
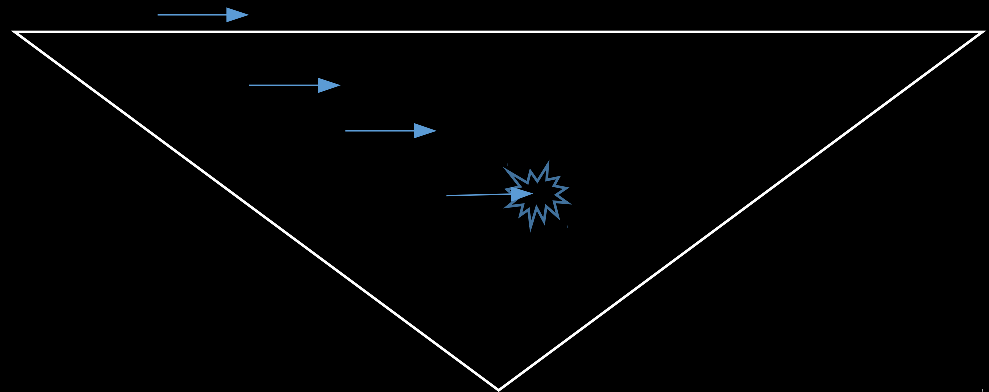




LCE queries

- compare $O(\lg^* n)$ chars
- move upwards
- compare $O(\lg^* n)$ IDs
- (recursion)
- on mismatch:





LCE queries

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- compare $O(\lg^* n)$ IDs
- (recursion)
- on mismatch:
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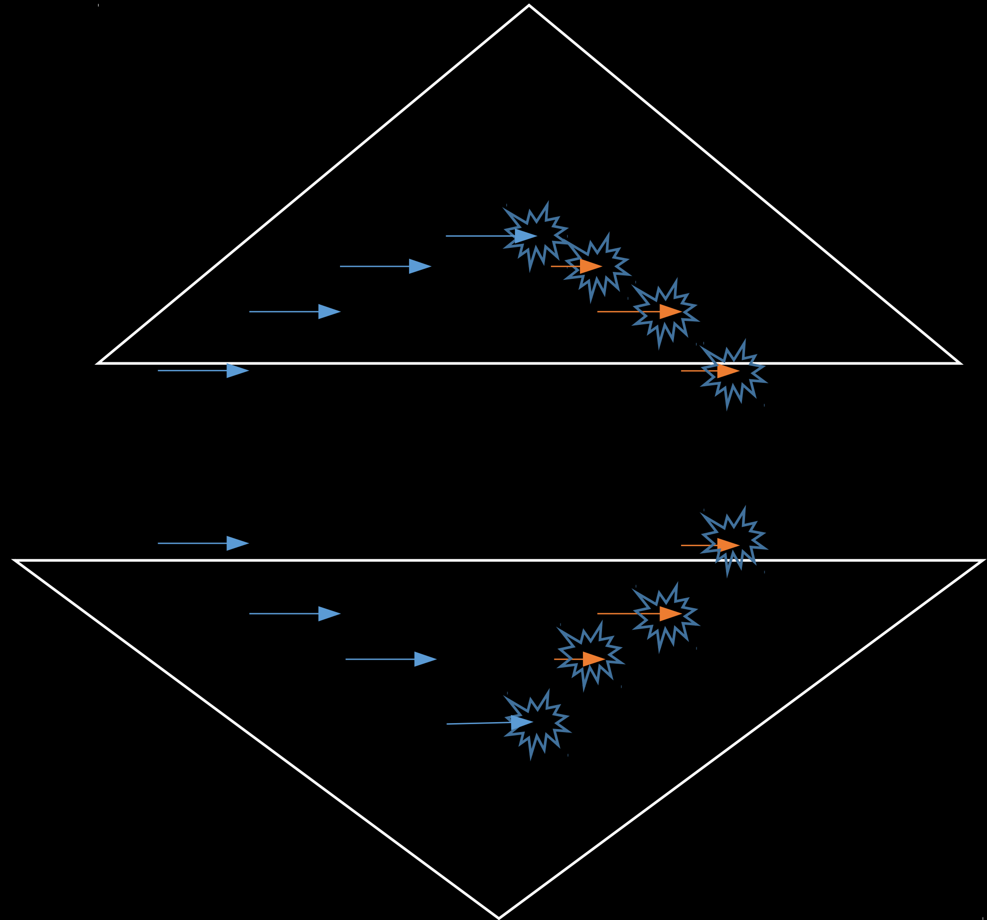
    - compare children



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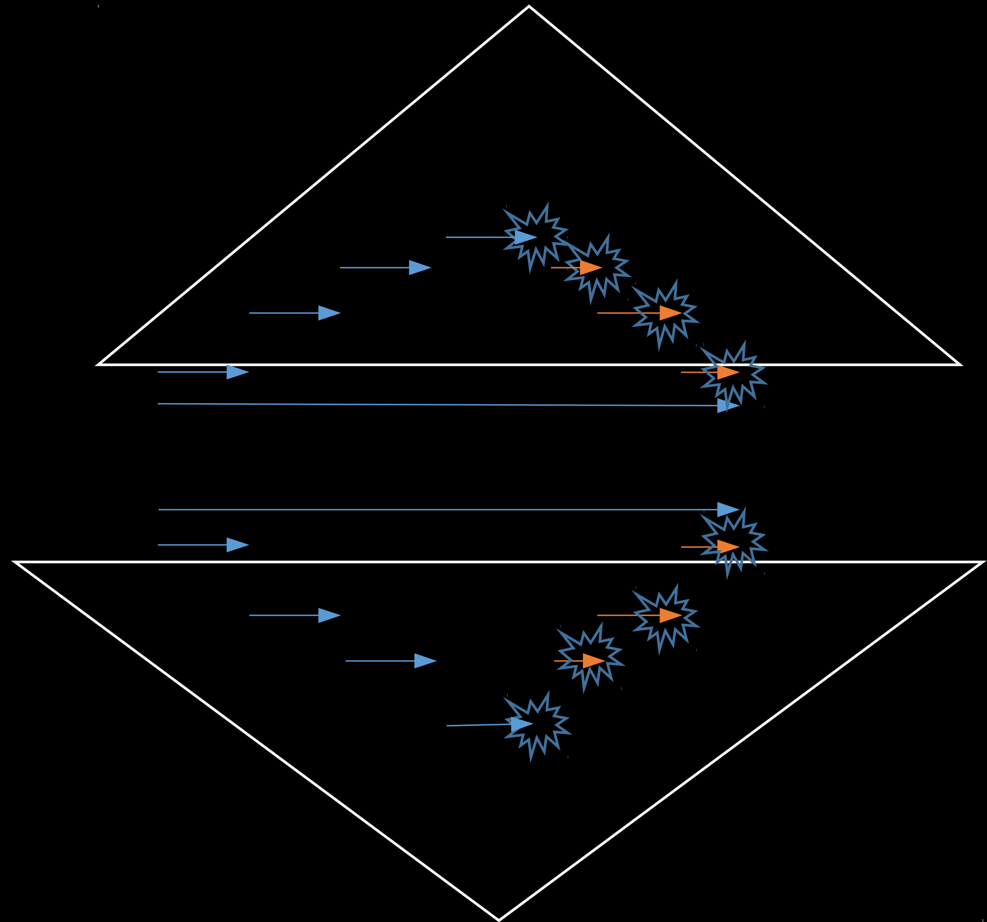
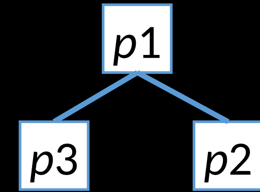
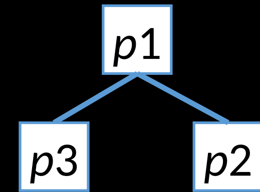
$\Rightarrow O(\lg n \lg^* n)$ time




p1
p3
p2

p2
p1
p3
T
insert 2
build LCE DS
insert 3
LCE query



p2 p1 p3

T

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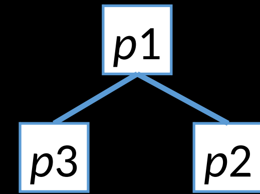
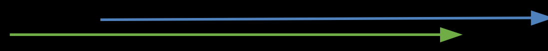
LCE query

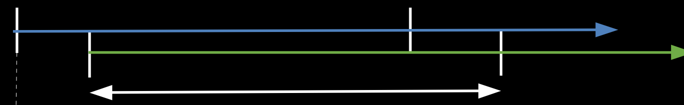


insert 2

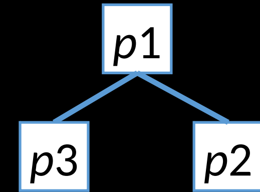


build LCE DS

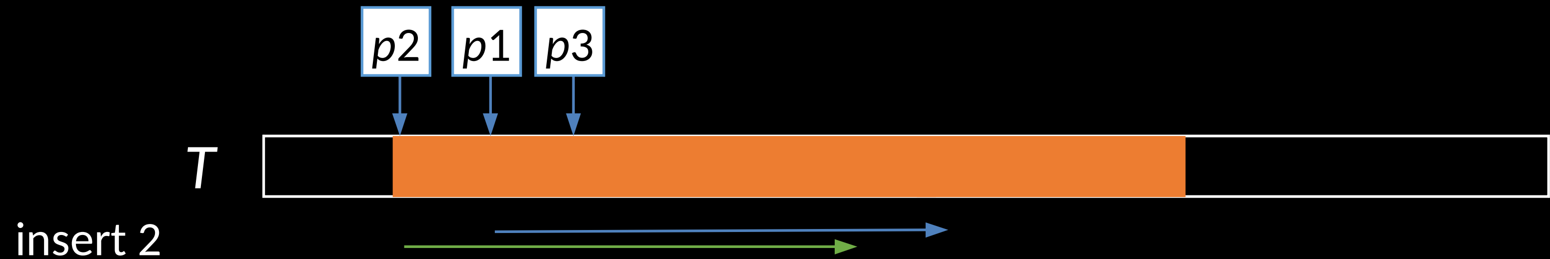
insert 3



build LCE DS



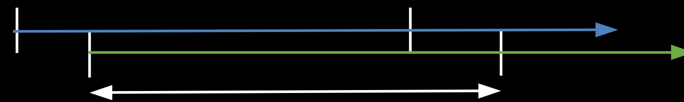
how to update?



insert 2

build LCE DS

insert 3

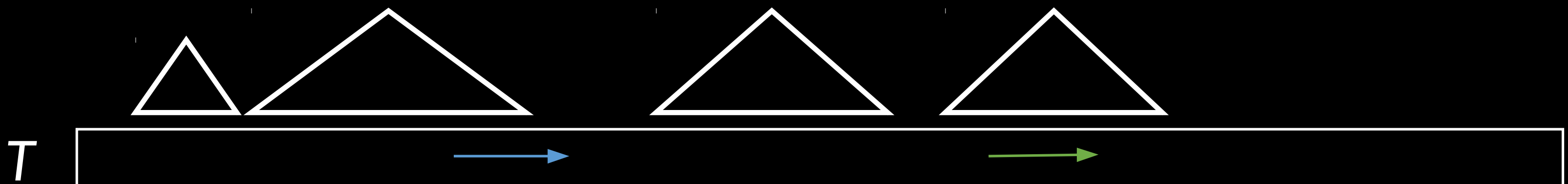


LCE query

update

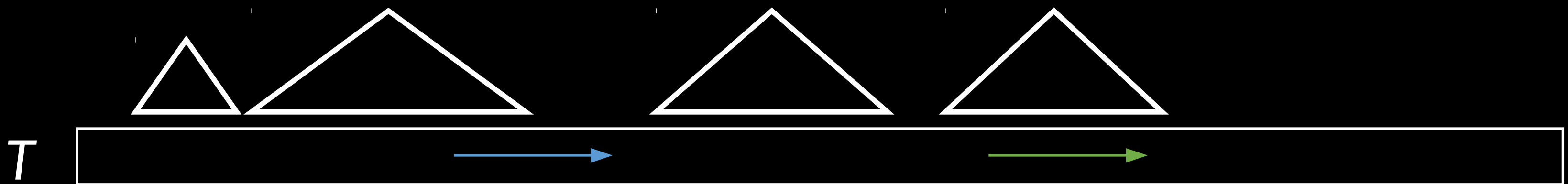
update

- blue arrow exceeds tree‘s range not much
  ⇒ do nothing



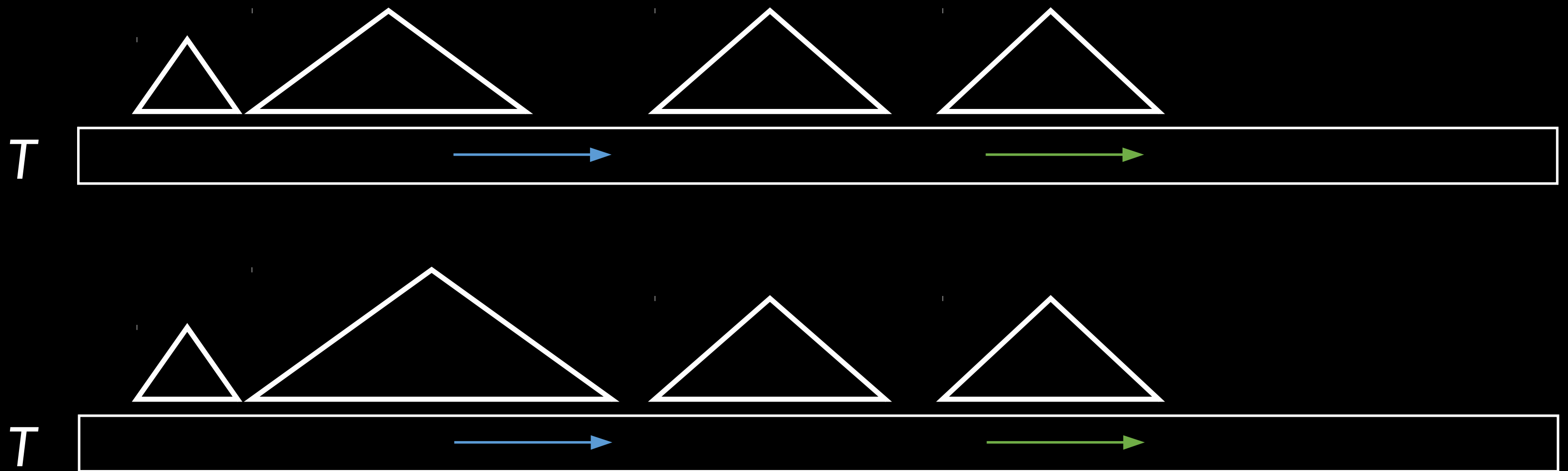
update

- blue arrow exceeds tree‘s range far



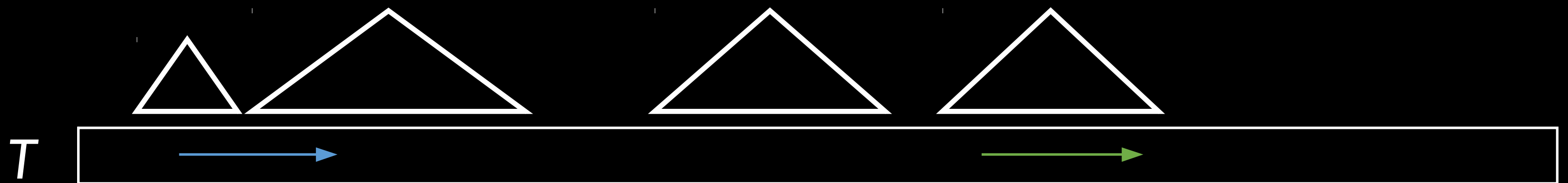
update

- blue arrow exceeds tree‘s range far
  ⇒ enlarge



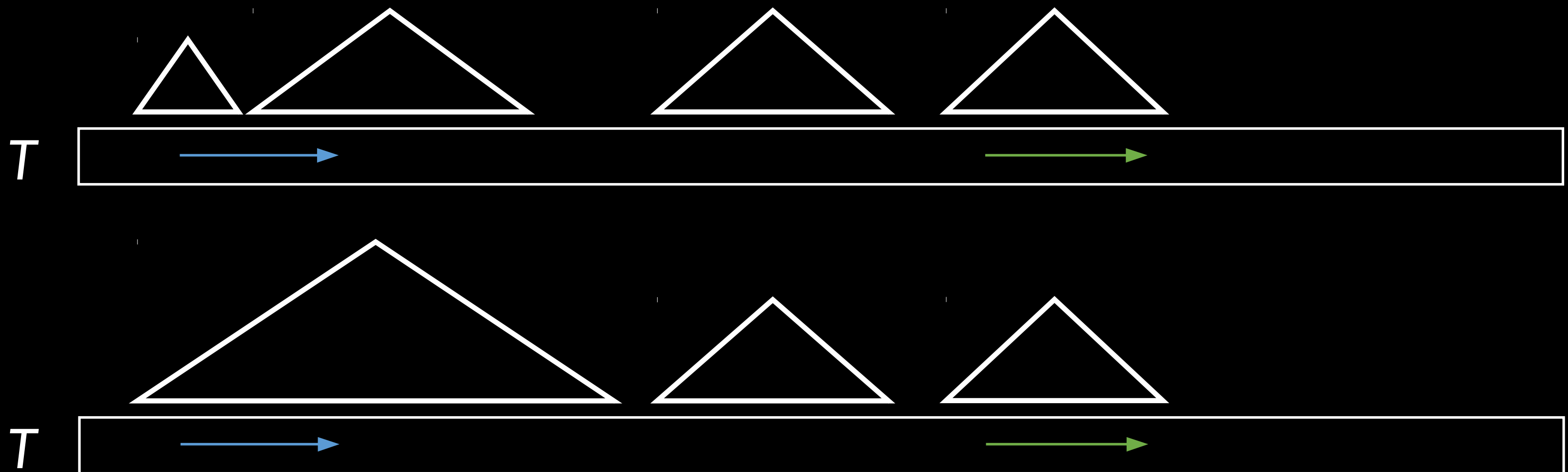
update

- blue arrow traverses two trees



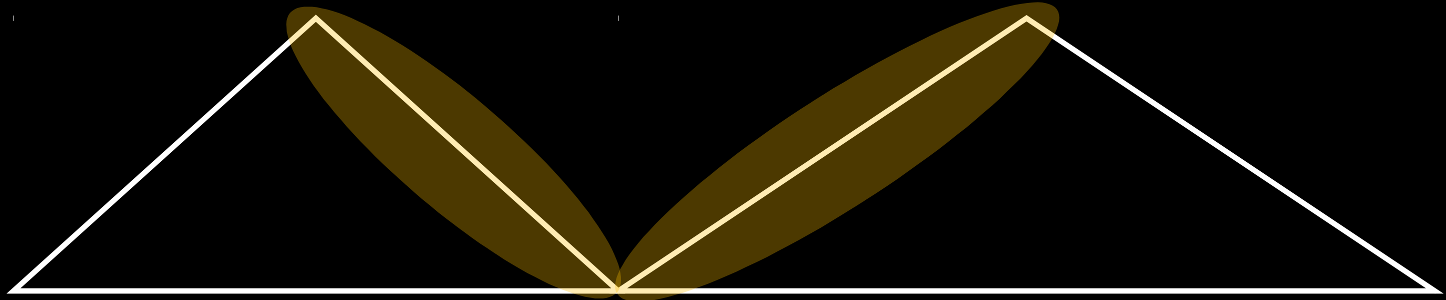
update

- blue arrow traverses two trees
  ⇒ merge trees



merge

- recalculate local surrounding of nodes near merge



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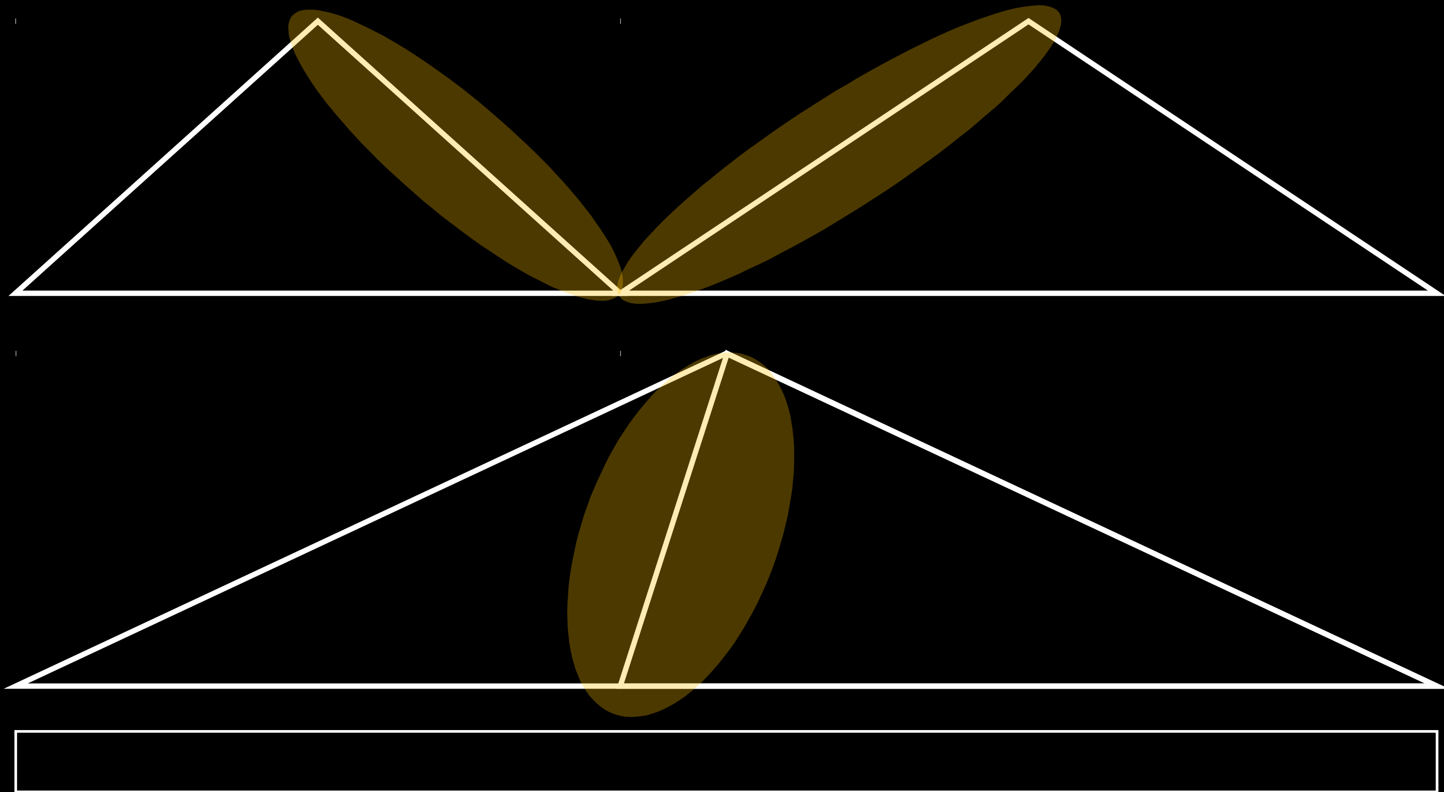
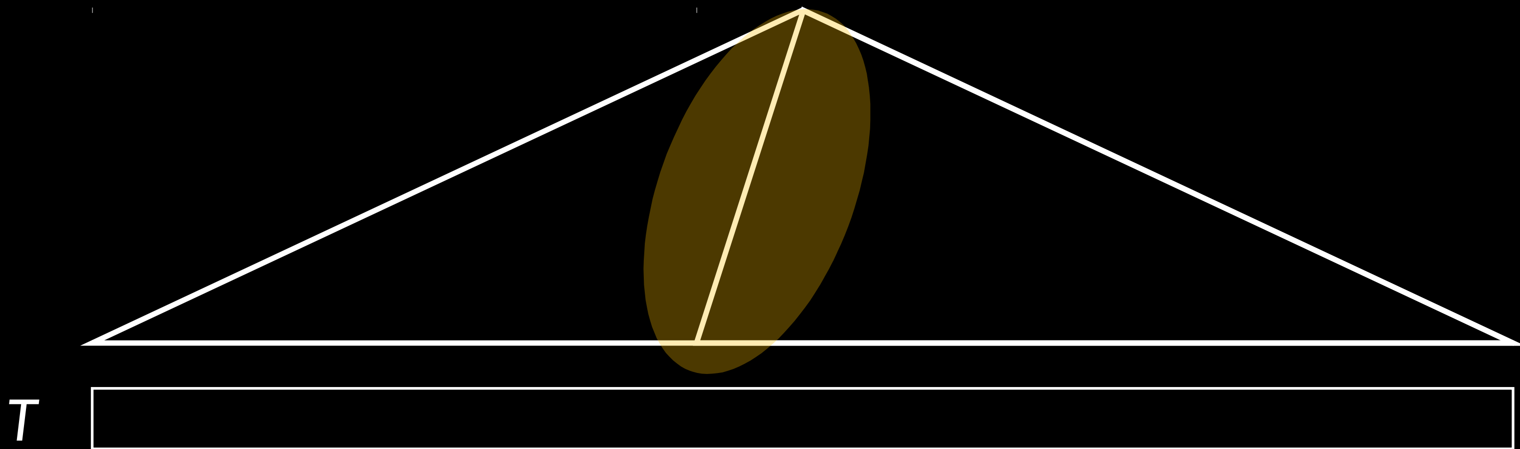


merge

- recalculate local surrounding of nodes near merge
- look at $O(\lg^* n)$ nodes on each height
- dictionary: $O(\lg n)$

  $\Rightarrow$ takes $O(\lg n \lg^* n)$ time

local surrounding



total time

- create suffix binary search tree (BST)
- $O(m \lg m)$ time: put m suffixes in BST
  - $O(\lg n \lg^* n)$ time: LCE query
- $O(c \lg n)$ time: building ESP trees
- $O(m \lg m \lg n \lg^* n)$ time for merging
- total:

$$O(\underbrace{m \lg m}_{\text{BST}} \overbrace{\lg n \lg^* n}^{\text{LCE}} + \overbrace{c \lg n}^{\text{building}})$$

- if $m, c = o(n) \Rightarrow o(n)$ overall time!

space

- $O(m)$ words for
  - BST sorting suffixes
  - locating ESP trees
- $O(c \lg n)$ bits for
  - ESP trees
  - grammar dictionary

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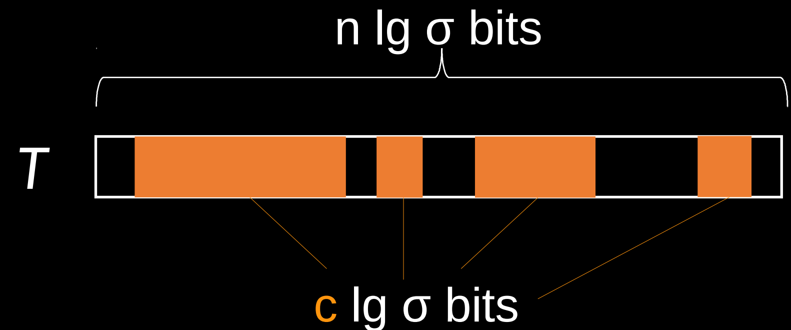
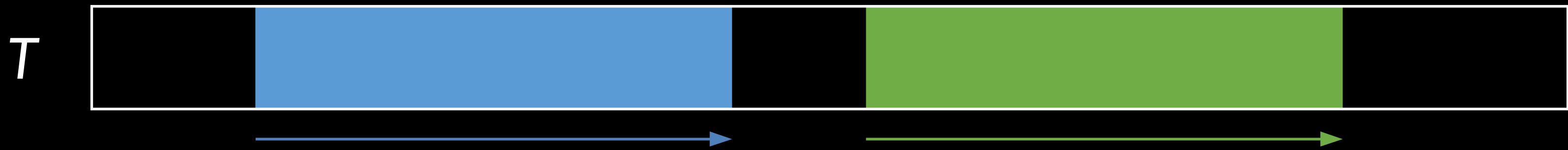


how to shrink ESP tree to $O(c \lg \sigma)$ bits?

overwriting text space

overwriting text space

- on finding two equal substrings



overwriting text space

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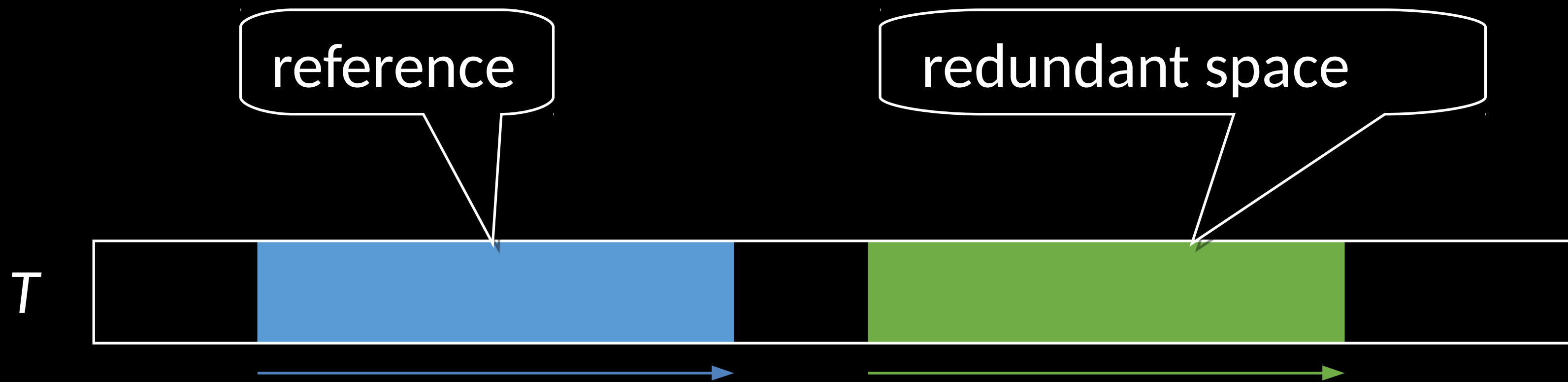
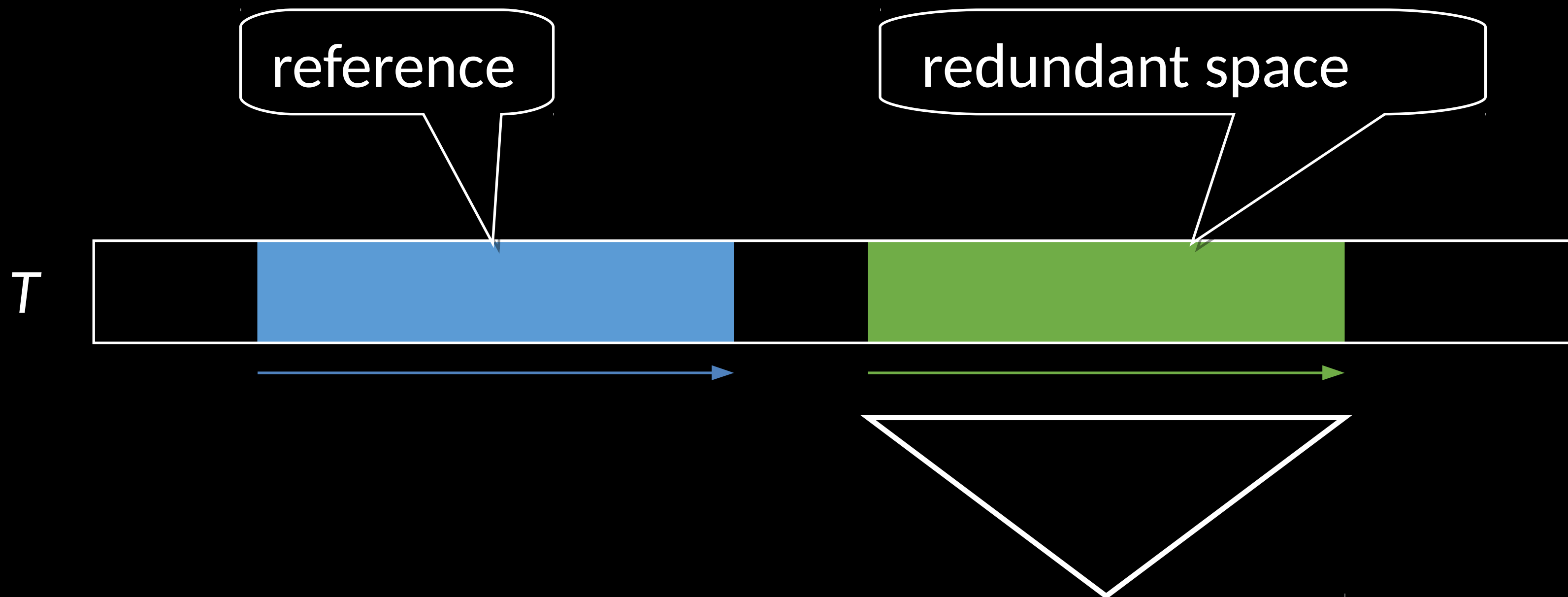


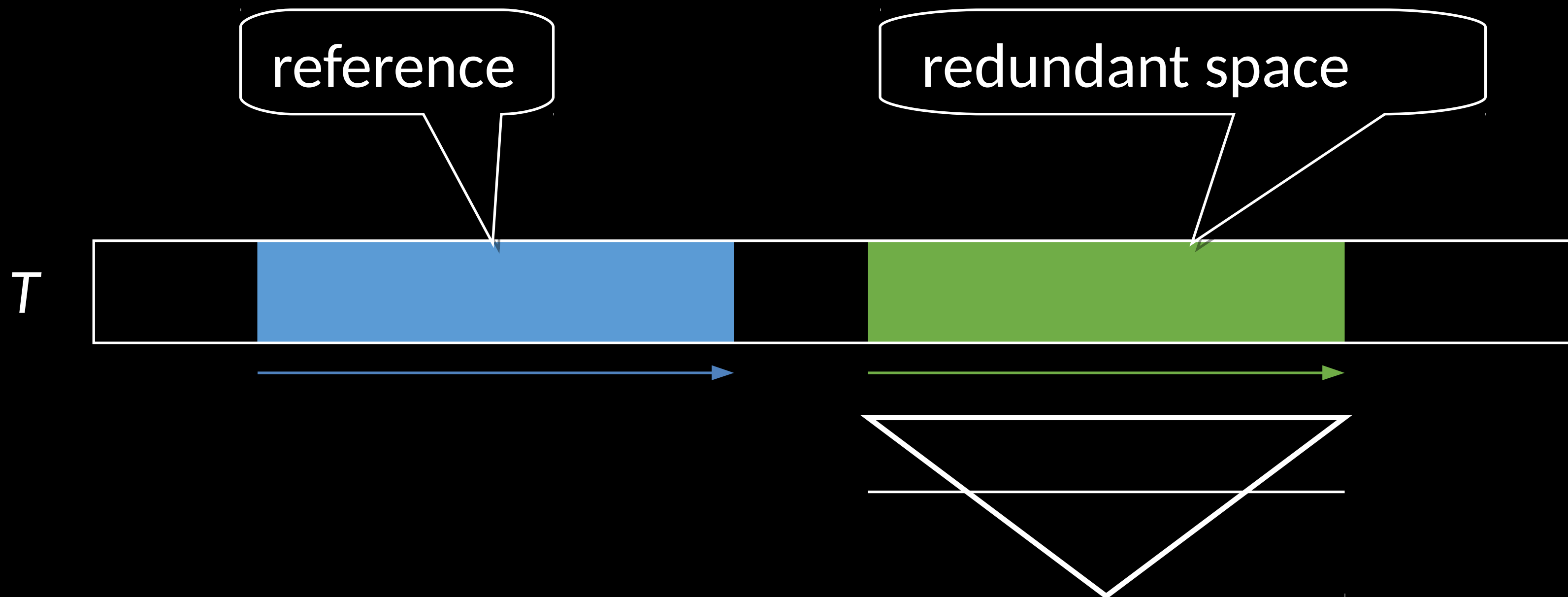
overwriting text space

- on finding two equal substrings
    - build ESP tree in redundant space



overwriting text space

- on finding two equal substrings
  - build ESP tree in redundant space
- truncate tree to fit into text space



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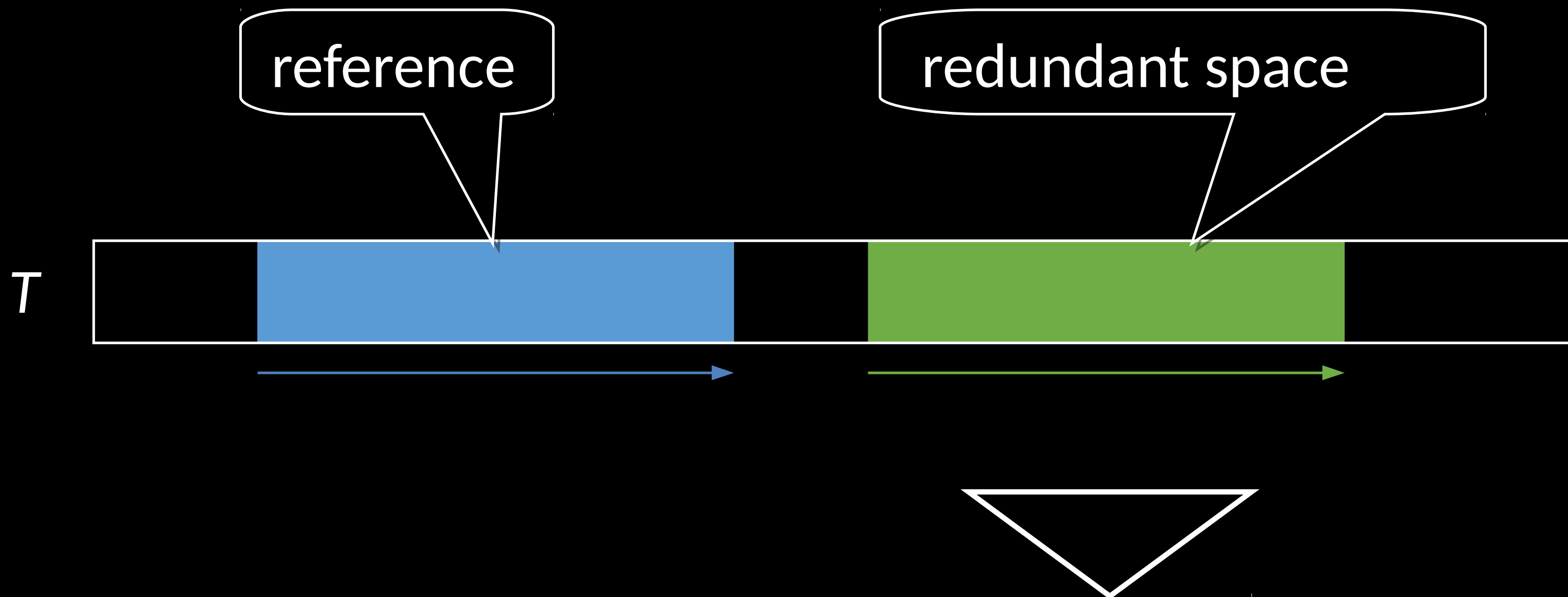

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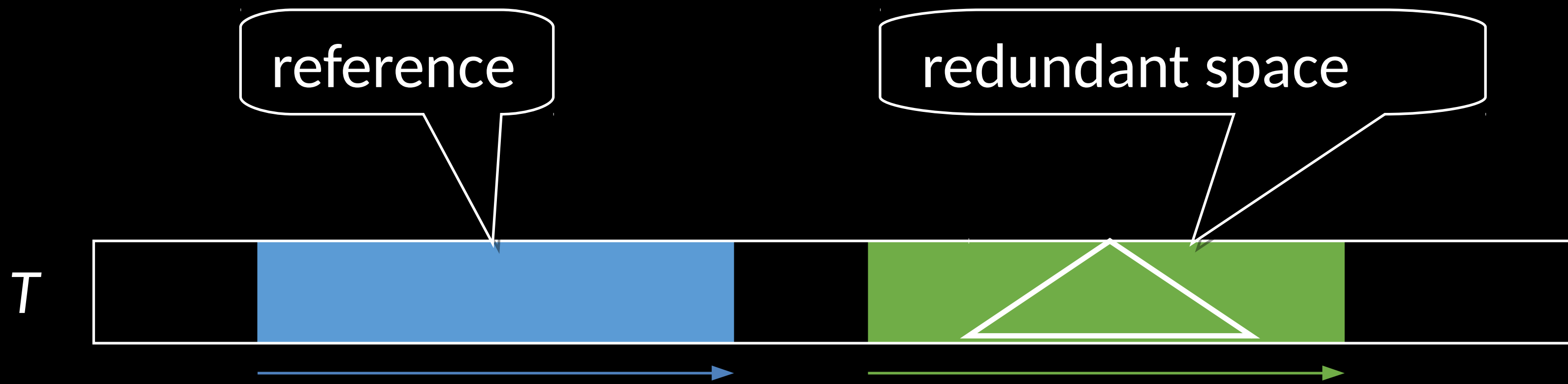

time

- before:

  $O(m \lg m \lg n \lg^* n + c \lg n)$ time

- now: $O(c \lg^{0.5} n)$ time: construction

  $\Rightarrow O(m \lg m \lg n \lg^* n + c \lg^{0.5} n)$ time overall

summary

- sparse suffix sorting problem
  - n: $|T|$
  - m: #positions
- solved with

  $O(m \lg m \lg n \lg^{*} n + c \lg^{0.5} n)$ time
  $O(m)$ additional space
- by
  - LCE queries on ESP trees
  - truncation of ESP trees
  - sophisticated merging

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that is all - any questions?